

## Data Providers

Date published: 2019-12-17

Date modified: 2022-02-28



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## Registering Data Providers in SSB

Data Providers are a set of data endpoints to be used as sources, sinks and catalogs. Data Providers allow you to connect to an already installed component on your cluster, then use that provider for adding tables in SQL Stream Builder (SSB).

You can access the **Data Providers** page through the Streaming SQL Console:

1. Go to your cluster in Cloudera Manager.
2. Select SQL Stream Builder from the list of services.
3. Click SQLStreamBuilder Console.

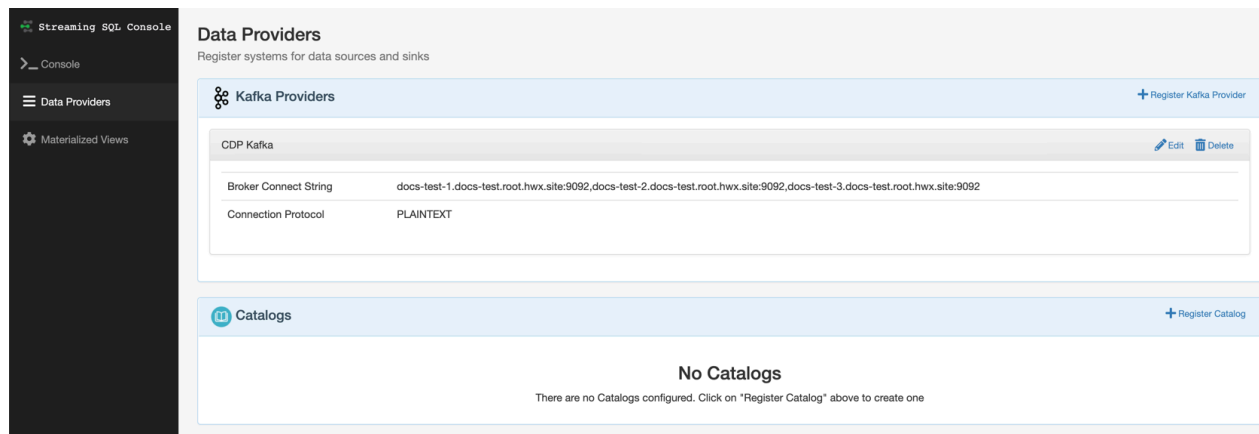
The Streaming SQL Console opens in a new window.

4. Click Data Providers on the main menu.

You are redirected to the Data Providers page.

You can register Kafka as a data provider, or Kudu, Hive and Schema Registry as a catalog. When registering the components, SSB can access the already existing topics from Kafka, tables from Kudu and Hive, and the schema in Schema Registry. This also means that when you update a data provider, for example add new topics, tables and schemas, SSB automatically detects the changes.

You can also manage your data providers after registering them. You can Edit the providers if there is any change in the connection. You can also Delete them when you no longer need the specific provider.



## Adding Kafka as Data Provider

You need to register Kafka as a Data Provider using the Streaming SQL Console to create Kafka tables in SQL Stream Builder (SSB).

### Before you begin

- Make sure that you have Kafka service on your cluster.
- Make sure that you have the right permissions set in Ranger.

### Procedure

1. Navigate to the Streaming SQL Console.
  - a) Go to your cluster in Cloudera Manager.
  - b) Select SQL Stream Builder from the list of services.
  - c) Click Web UI > SQLStreamBuilder Console .

The **Streaming SQL Console** opens in a new window.

2. Click Data Providers from the main menu.
3. Click Register Kafka Provider.

The Add Kafka Provider window appears.

## Add Kafka Provider

### Name

Pick a name for the cluster

### Brokers (comma-seperated list)

broker0:9092,broker1:9092,broker2:9092

### Connection protocol

PLAINTEXT

Close

Save changes

4. Add a Name to your Kafka provider.
5. Add the broker host name(s) to Brokers.

You need to copy the Kafka broker name(s) from Cloudera Manager.

  - a) Go to your cluster in Cloudera Manager.
  - b) Click Kafka from the list of services.
  - c) Click Instances.
  - d) Copy the hostname of the Kafka broker(s) you want to use.
  - e) Go back to the Add Kafka Provider page.
  - f) Paste the broker hostname to the Brokers field.



**Note:** You can add more than one broker hostname by separating them by commas.

- g) Add the default Kafka port after the hostname(s).

Example:

```
docs-test-1.vpc.cloudera.com:9092,  
docs-test-2.vpc.cloudera.com:9092
```

## 6. Select the Connection Protocol.

The connection protocol must be the same as it is configured for the Kafka cluster in Cloudera Manager.

You can choose from the following protocols:

- a) Select Plaintext, and click Save Changes.
- b) Select SSL, and click Save Changes.
- c) Select SASL/SSL, and choose an SASL Mechanism.
  1. Select Kerberos, and provide the Kafka Truststore location. Click Save Changes.
  2. Select Plain, and provide the SASL username and password. Click Save Changes.
- d) Select SASL/PLAINTEXT, and choose an SASL Mechanism.
  1. Select Kerberos. Click Save Changes.
  2. Select Plain, and provide the SASL username and password. Click Save Changes.

## Results

You have registered Kafka as a data provider to be able to add Kafka as a table in your SQL query. The already existing Kafka topics can be selected when adding Kafka as a table.

## Adding Schema Registry as Catalog

You need to add Schema Registry as a Catalog using the Streaming SQL Console in SQL Stream Builder (SSB) to use Schema Registry with Flink DDL.

### Before you begin

- Make sure that you have Schema Registry service on your cluster.
- Make sure that you have the right permissions set in Ranger.

### Procedure

1. Navigate to the Streaming SQL Console.
  - a) Go to your cluster in Cloudera Manager.
  - b) Select SQL Stream Builder from the list of services.
  - c) Click Web UI > SQLStreamBuilder Console .The **Streaming SQL Console** opens in a new window.
2. Click Data Providers from the main menu.
3. Click Register Catalog.

The Add Catalog window appears.
4. Add a Name to your catalog.
5. Select Schema Registry from the Catalog Type drop-down.
6. Select the Kafka cluster you registered as Data Provider.
7. Add the Schema Registry URL.
  - a) Go to your cluster in Cloudera Manager.
  - b) Select Schema Registry from the list of services.
  - c) Click on Instances.
  - d) Copy the Hostname of Schema Registry.
  - e) Add the default port of Schema Registry after the hostname.

Example:

```
http://docs-test-1.vpc.cloudera.com:7788/api/v1
```

8. Select if you want to enable TLS for Schema Registry.
  - a) If yes, provide the Schema Registry Truststore location and password.
9. Click on Add Filter.
  - a) Provide a Database and Table filter if you want to select specific tables to use from the catalog.
10. Click on Validate.
11. If the validation is successful, click Add Tables.

### Results

Schema Registry is added as a Catalog and ready to be used in Flink DDL. The already existing schemas in Schema Registry are automatically imported to SSB.

## Adding Kudu as Catalog

You need to add Kudu as a Catalog using the Streaming SQL Console in SQL Stream Builder (SSB) to create Kudu tables with Flink DDL.

### Before you begin

- Make sure that you have Kudu service on your cluster.
- Make sure that you have the right permissions set in Ranger.

### Procedure

1. Navigate to the Streaming SQL Console.
  - a) Go to your cluster in Cloudera Manager.
  - b) Select SQL Stream Builder from the list of services.
  - c) Click Web UI > SQLStreamBuilder Console .

The **Streaming SQL Console** opens in a new window.

2. Click Data Providers from the main menu.
3. Click Register Catalog.

The Add Catalog window appears.

4. Add a Name to your catalog.
5. Select Kudu from the Catalog Type drop-down.
6. Add the Host URL of Kudu Masters.
  - a) Go to your cluster in Cloudera Manager.
  - b) Select Kudu from the list of services.
  - c) Click on Instances.
  - d) Copy the Hostname of the Master Default Group.
  - e) Add the default port of Kudu after the hostname.

Example:

```
http://docs-test-1.vpc.cloudera.com:7051
```

7. Click on Add Filter.
  - a) Provide a Database and Table filter if you want to select specific tables to use from the catalog.
8. Click on Validate.
9. If the validation is successful, click Add Tables.

### Results

Kudu is added as a Catalog and ready to be used in Flink DDL. The already existing tables in Kudu are automatically imported to SSB.

## Adding Hive as Catalog

You need to add Hive as a Catalog using the Streaming SQL Console in SQL Stream Builder (SSB) to create Hive tables with Flink DDL.

### Before you begin

- Make sure that you have Hive service on your cluster.
- Make sure that you have the right permissions set in Ranger.

### Procedure

1. Navigate to the Streaming SQL Console.
  - a) Go to your cluster in Cloudera Manager.
  - b) Select SQL Stream Builder from the list of services.
  - c) Click Web UI > SQLStreamBuilder Console .The **Streaming SQL Console** opens in a new window.
2. Click Data Providers from the main menu.
3. Click Register Catalog.

The Add Catalog window appears.
4. Add a Name to your catalog.
5. Select Hive from the Catalog Type drop-down.
6. Click on Add Filter.
  - a) Provide a Database and Table filter if you want to select specific tables to use from the catalog.
7. Click on Validate.
8. If the validation is successful, click Add Tables.

### Results

Hive is added as a Catalog and ready to be used in Flink DDL. The already existing tables in Hive are automatically imported to SSB.

## Adding Custom Catalogs

You can use custom catalogs in cases when you need to add a catalog that is not predefined in the Streaming SQL Console, and when more advanced settings need to be specified for the catalogs. This case you need to provide the configuration directly to Flink with the custom catalog option.

### Procedure

1. Navigate to the Streaming SQL Console.
  - a) Go to your cluster in Cloudera Manager.
  - b) Select SQL Stream Builder from the list of services.
  - c) Click Web UI > SQLStreamBuilder Console .The **Streaming SQL Console** opens in a new window.
2. Click Data Providers from the main menu.



3. Click Register Catalog.

The Add Catalog window appears.

4. Add a Name to your catalog.
5. Select Custom from the Catalog Type drop-down.
6. Provide a Property Name and Value for the Catalog.
7. Click on Add Filter.
  - a) Provide a Database and Table filter if you want to select specific tables to use from the catalog.
8. Click on Validate.
9. If the validation is successful, click Add Tables.

### Results

The custom catalog is added and ready to be used in Flink DDL.

## Managing registered Data Providers

You can edit or delete the registered Data Providers if you need to change their configurations or if you no longer need them.

### Editing registered Data Providers

1. Click Data Providers from the main menu.
2. Search for the Kafka provider or catalog you want to modify.
3. Click Edit.

The Edit Provider or Catalog window appears.

4. Change the settings as required.



**Note:** You must validate the modified catalog before saving the changes.

5. Click Save Changes.

### Deleting registered Data Providers

1. Click Data Providers from the main menu.
2. Search for the Kafka provider or catalog you want to modify.
3. Click Delete.
4. Click Confirm to delete the provider or catalog.