

Cloudera Runtime 7.1.8

Apache Impala

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CLOUDERA

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Contents

Apache Impala Overview.....	4
------------------------------------	----------

Apache Impala Overview

The Apache Impala provides high-performance, low-latency SQL queries on data stored in popular Apache Hadoop file formats.

The Impala solution is composed of the following components.

Impala

The Impala service coordinates and executes queries received from clients. Queries are distributed among Impala nodes, and these nodes then act as workers, executing parallel query fragments.

Hive Metastore

Stores information about the data available to Impala. For example, the metastore lets Impala know what databases are available and what the structure of those databases is. As you create, drop, and alter schema objects, load data into tables, and so on through Impala SQL statements, the relevant metadata changes are automatically broadcast to all Impala nodes by the dedicated catalog service.

Clients

Entities including Hue, ODBC clients, JDBC clients, Business Intelligence applications, and the Impala Shell can all interact with Impala. These interfaces are typically used to issue queries or complete administrative tasks such as connecting to Impala.

Storage for data to be queried

Queries executed using Impala are handled as follows:

1. User applications send SQL queries to Impala through ODBC or JDBC, which provide standardized querying interfaces. The user application may connect to any impalad in the cluster. This impalad becomes the coordinator for the query.
2. Impala parses the query and analyzes it to determine what tasks need to be performed by impalad instances across the cluster. Execution is planned for optimal efficiency.
3. Storage services are accessed by local impalad instances to provide data.
4. Each impalad returns data to the coordinating impalad, which sends these results to the client.