

Cloudera Data Warehouse Private Cloud Environments

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Contents

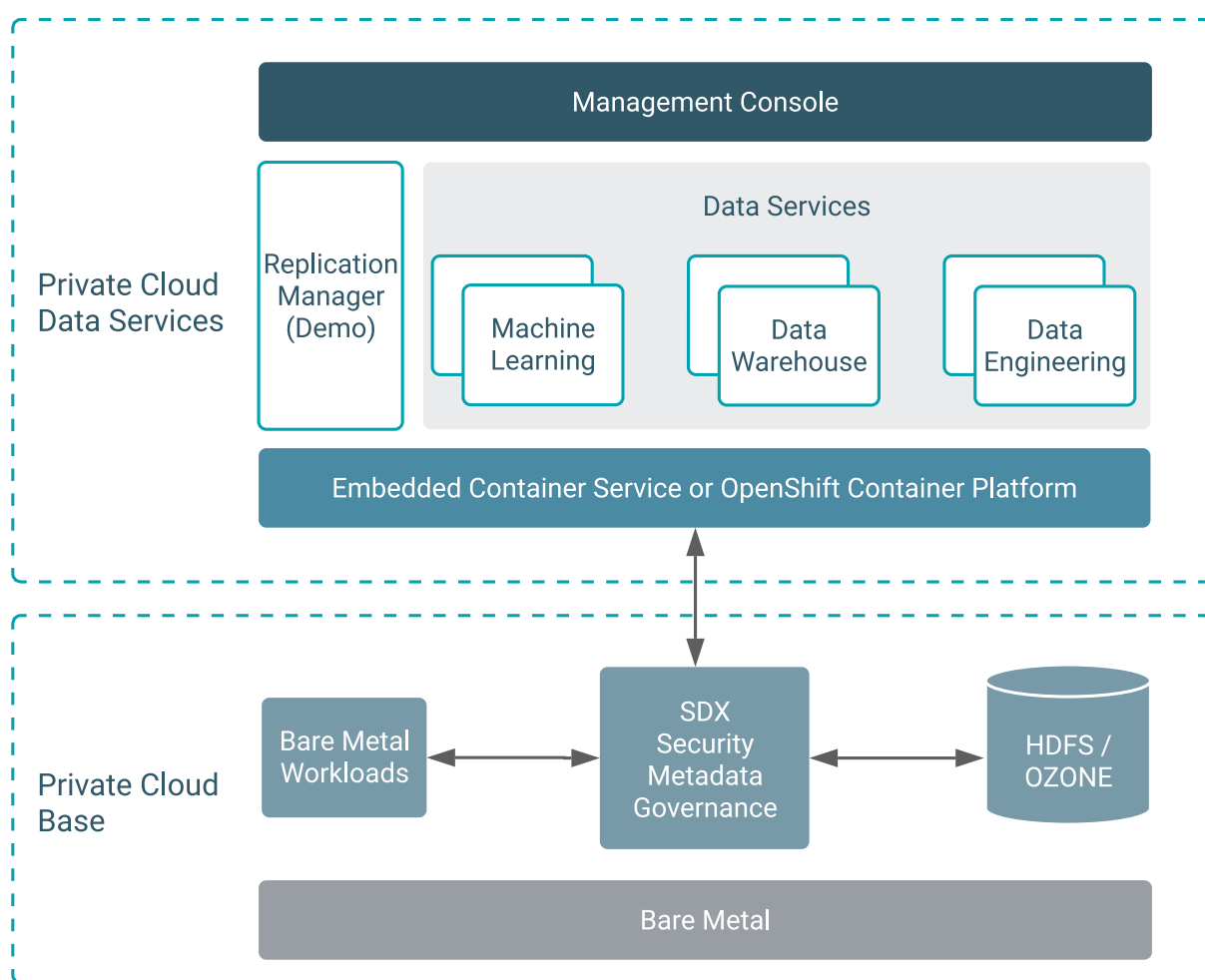
Overview of Private Cloud environments.....	4
Activating OpenShift and Embedded Container Service environments.....	5
Authentication using Delegation Username and Password.....	6
Viewing environment details in Cloudera Data Warehouse Private Cloud.....	7

Overview of Private Cloud environments

An environment is a logical entity that represents the association of your Private Cloud user account with compute resources. Using the compute resources of the environment, you can provision and manage Cloudera Data Warehouse (CDW), Cloudera Data Engineering (CDE), or Cloudera Machine Learning (CML) workloads.

For a CDP Private Cloud deployment, you can configure the environment on an OpenShift or an Embedded Container Service (ECS) cluster. Deploying CDP Private Cloud Data Services (CDW, CDE, and CML) on OpenShift requires you to deploy and manage the Kubernetes infrastructure. ECS service creates and manages an embedded Kubernetes infrastructure for use with the CDP Private Cloud Experiences. To deploy CDP Experiences on ECS clusters, you only need to provide hosts on which you want to install the service and Cloudera Manager sets up an ECS cluster using an embedded Kubernetes service and provides a framework to manage and monitor the cluster.

The following diagram shows the components of CDP Private Cloud:



For more details about environment requirements and how to register an environment so CDP can access Kubernetes clusters on your OpenShift or ECS deployment, see [CDP Private Cloud Environments](#).

Activating OpenShift and Embedded Container Service environments

This topic describes how to activate an environment to use for Cloudera Data Warehouse (CDW) Private Cloud.

About this task

Before you can create a Database Catalog to use with a Virtual Warehouse, you must activate a CDP environment. Activating an environment causes CDP to connect to the Kubernetes cluster, which provides the computing resources for the Database Catalog. In addition, activating an environment enables the Cloudera Data Warehouse (CDW) service to use the existing data lake that was set up for the environment, including all data, metadata, and security.

Before you begin

- Determine which environment that uses a particular data lake is the environment you want to activate for use with a Database Catalog and Virtual Warehouse.
- For local caching, ensure that an administrator uses the Local Storage Operator to create a local file system on an SSD/NVMe for each OpenShift worker node and then mounts it to a known location on the worker node. Make sure that this local caching location allows temporary data to be stored in a way that supports performance. You need to specify the Storage Class Name from the Local Storage Operator when you activate the environment for the CDW service in Step 4 below. For more information about creating a local file system on OpenShift worker nodes using the Local Storage Operator, see [Persistent storage using local volumes](#) in the OpenShift documentation.

In Embedded Container Service (ECS) environments, the Storage Class Name is automatically obtained from Cloudera Manager.

Procedure

1. In the CDW service, expand the Environments column by clicking the More... menu on the left side of the page.
2. In the Environments column, locate the environment that you want to activate.
3. When you locate the environment, click the activation icon to launch the Activation Settings dialog box.

- (For OpenShift environments) In the Activation Settings dialog box, specify the Storage Class Name from Local Storage Operator:

Activation Settings
✕

Do you want to activate the environment "dummy-openshift-env"?

Storage Class Name from Local Storage Operator *

Enter Storage Class Name

Not a valid name

Security Context Constraint Name (optional)

Enter Security Context Constraint Name

Delegation Username* ⓘ

Delegation Username

Delegation Password*

Delegation Password

Pre-created database names for default database catalog* ⓘ

DAS

Hue

☐ Enable Low Resource Mode

CANCEL

ACTIVATE

This is the Storage Class Name you specified when you created the local file system for caching as described in the above section [Before you begin](#). It is the location where temporary data is stored.



Important: Be sure to specify the correct Storage Class Name when activating an environment. If an incorrect Storage Class Name is specified, the environment might activate successfully, but Virtual Warehouses that use the environment do not start.

Optionally, you can specify the Security Context Constraint Name.

- (For ECS environments) In the **Activation Settings** dialog box, enable low resource mode if required. You do not need to specify the Storage Class name or the Security Context Constraint name.
- Specify Delegation Username and Delegation Password to impersonate authorization requests from Hue to the Impala engine.
- If you are using an external database on your base cluster and want to use a default Database Catalog, then you must specify custom database name for DAS and Hue in the Pre-created database names for default database catalog field.
- Click **ACTIVATE**.

Authentication using Delegation Username and Password

You must specify a delegation username and password to impersonate authorization requests from Hue to the Impala engine during environment activation. The delegation user and password can authenticate users through an LDAP service account.

The ability to specify an LDAP delegation user also allows you to freely use special characters in your LDAP Bind DN, as CDW no longer has to inherit and process the delegation user from the LDAP Bind DN.

CDW allows you to change the delegation username and password even after activating the environment.

The following image shows the CDW **Activation Settings** page containing the Delegation Username and Delegation Password fields:

Activation Settings ✕

Do you want to activate the environment "dummy-openshift-env"?

Storage Class Name from Local Storage Operator *

Enter Storage Class Name

Not a valid name

Security Context Constraint Name (optional)

Enter Security Context Constraint Name

Delegation Username* ⓘ *Delegation Username*

Delegation Password* *Delegation Password*

Pre-created database names for default database catalog* ⓘ

DAS *Hue*

☐ Enable Low Resource Mode

CANCEL ACTIVATE

Viewing environment details in Cloudera Data Warehouse Private Cloud

This topic describes how to view details of an environment created on an OpenShift cluster in Cloudera Data Warehouse (CDW) Private Cloud.

About this task

You can view environment details without leaving the CDW Private Cloud service UI. Accessing the Environment Details page also enables you to edit the description of the environment.

Before you begin

You must activate an environment before you can view its details. See "Activating environments," which is linked to in the "Related information" section at the bottom of this page.

Procedure

1. In the CDW Data Service, expand the Environments column by clicking the More... menu on the left side of the page.
2. In the Environments column, click the search icon and locate the environment you want to view.
3. When you locate the environment you want to view, click the edit icon in the upper right corner of the tile. This launches the Environment Details page.
4. In the Environment Details page, you can view information about the environment, like when it was created and last updated, or how many Database Catalogs and Virtual Warehouses use the environment.

5. If you changed the environment description, click Apply in the upper right corner of the page to save it.

Related Information[Activating OpenShift and Embedded Container Service environments](#)