Using Functions

Date published: 2019-12-17 Date modified: 2022-09-28



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Using System Functions

The same set of system functions can be used for SQL Stream Builder as for Apache Flink.

As SSB runs on Flink, the following built-in system functions can also be used for data transformations in your SQL Jobs.

- Comparison Functions
- Logical Functions
- Arithmetic Functions
- String Functions
- Temporal Functions
- Conditional Functions
- Type Conversion Functions
- Collection Functions
- JSON Functions
- Value Construction Functions
- Value Access Functions
- Grouping Functions
- Hash Functions
- Aggregate Functions
- Column Functions

For more information about the list of supported Functions, see the Apache Flink documentation.

Creating Javascript User-defined Functions

With SQL Stream Builder, you can create user functions to write powerful functions in JavaScript, that you can use to enhance the functionality of SQL.

About this task

User functions can be simple translation functions like Celsius to Fahrenheit, more complex business logic, or even looking up data from external sources. User functions are written in JavaScript. When you write them, you create a library of useful functions.

Procedure

- 1. Navigate to the Streaming SQL Console.
 - a) Go to your cluster in Cloudera Manager.
 - b) Select SQL Stream Builder from the list of services.
 - c) Click SQLStreamBuilder Console.

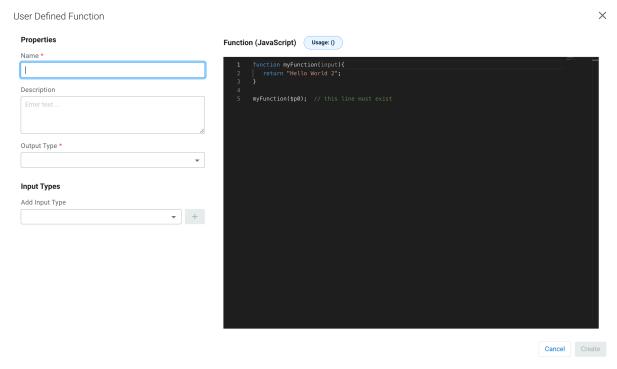
The Streaming SQL Console opens in a new window.

2. Click Create Job or select a previous job on the **Getting Started** page.

You are redirected to the **Console** page. The Materialized View button will be available when you add a query to the SOL Editor.

3. Select Functions from the main menu.

4. Click New function.



5. Add a Name to the UDF.

For example, name the UDF to HELLO_WORLD.

- **6.** Add a Description to the UDF.
- 7. Select the Output and Input data type.

For example, select STRING.

8. Paste the JavaScript code to the editor.

For example:

```
// check to see if the card is VISA
function HELLO_WORLD(card){
   var cardType = "Other";
   if (card.charAt(0) == 4){
      cardType = "Visa";
   }
   return cardType;
}
HELLO_WORLD($p0); // this line must exist
```

- 9. Click Create.
- 10. Once created, you can use a User Function in your SQL statement:

For example:

```
-- simple usage
SELECT HELLO_WORLD(card) AS IS_VISA
FROM ev_sample_fraud;
-- in the predicate
SELECT amount, card
FROM ev_sample_fraud
```

WHERE HELLO_WORLD(card) = "Visa";



Note: Valid inputs can be a field in the source virtual table or any other valid input. Functions must be in upper case.



Note: User Functions have access to the Java 8 API, this increases the overall usefulness and power. For example:

```
function GETPLANE(icao) {
  try {
    var c = new java.net.URL('http://yyyyyy.io' + icao).openConnec
tion();
    c.requestMethod='GET';
    var reader = new java.io.BufferedReader(new java.io.InputStreamRe
ader(c.inputStream));
    return reader.readLine();
  } catch(err) {
    return "Unknown: " + err;
  }
}
GETPLANE($p0);
```

Developing JavaScript functions

When developing JavaScript functions that are more complicated than just simple logic, it is recommended to use the jjs command-line utility to create and iterate while writing functions.

About this task

After the function performs the required task, migrate it to the console. Additionally these files/functions can be saved in a source code control system like git/Github.

Procedure

1. Create a file for your function.



Note: It is recommended to name the file with the same name as that of the function.

- 2. Create some sample input when calling the function.
- 3. Call jis on the command line to test the function.

```
$>cat TO_EPOCH.js
function TO_EPOCH(strDate) {
   var strFmt = "yyyy-MM-dd HH:ss:mm";
   var c = new java.text.SimpleDateFormat(strFmt).parse(strDate).getTime()
/1000;
   return c.toString();
}
print(TO_EPOCH("2019-02-02 22:23:13"));
then
$>jjs TO_EPOCH.js
1549167203
```

What to do next

After you have successfully developed the JavaScript code, copy and paste only the function to your code window when creating the JavaScript function in SQL Stream Builder.

Creating Java User-defined functions

You can create User Defined Functions (UDF) using Java after manually adding the UDF function JAR file that contains the UDF class to the Flink connectors. After uploading the JAR file on the Streaming SQL Console, you can use the Java UDFs for your SQL jobs.

Procedure

1. Create a Java UDF function JAR file.

You can use the following example as a sample:

```
package udf;
import org.apache.flink.table.functions.ScalarFunction;
public class UdfTest extends ScalarFunction {
    public String eval(String input){
        return "Hello World " + input;
    }
}
```

- 2. Navigate to the Streaming SQL Console.
 - a) Go to your cluster in Cloudera Manager.
 - b) Select SQL Stream Builder from the list of services.
 - c) Click SQLStreamBuilder Console.

The **Streaming SQL Console** opens in a new window.

- 3. Select Functions from the main menu.
- 4. Click Upload JAR.
- 5. Click Choose File.
- **6.** Search and select the Java UDF function JAR file.
- 7. Click Create.

Results

The selected JAR file is uploaded, and listed on the **Functions** page and ready to be used in your SQL queries.