Applied ML Prototypes (AMPs)

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Applied ML Prototypes (AMPs)

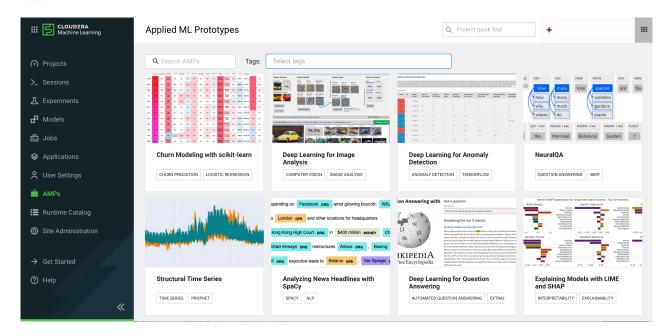
Applied ML Prototypes (AMPs) provide reference example machine learning projects in Cloudera Machine Learning. More than simplified quickstarts or tutorials, AMPs are fully-developed expert solutions created by Cloudera's research arm, Fast Forward Labs.

These solutions to common problems in the machine learning field demonstrate how to fully use the power of Cloudera Machine Learning. AMPs show you how to create Cloudera Machine Learning projects to solve your own use cases.

AMPs are available to install and run from the Cloudera Machine Learning user interface. As new AMPs are developed, they will become available to you for your study and use.



Note: In an airgapped installation, the default AMPs catalog included at installation and default AMPs may be inaccessible. See AMPs in airgapped environments on page 22



Using AMPs

It's simple to get started with AMPs.

- 1. Log in to your Cloudera Machine Learning workspace, and in the left panel click AMPs.
- 2. Click on an AMP tile to read its description.
- 3. Click Configure Project and provide any configuration values required by the AMP. The Description field explains how to determine these configuration values. After you click Launch Project, the installation process may take several minutes.
- **4.** When the installation is complete, click Overview to read the documentation for the AMP and explore the code and project structure.



Note: If nothing appears in the AMPs panel, an administrator may need to reconfigure and refresh the catalog. In Site Administration AMPs, click Refresh. The administrator can also refresh periodically to add newly developed AMPs to the panel.

Related Information

Custom AMP Catalog

Machine Learning Creating New AMPs

Creating New AMPs

One great use for AMPs is to showcase reference examples specific to your business by creating your own AMPs in-house. Once a data science project has been built in Cloudera Machine Learning, you can package it and have the Cloudera Machine Learning Admin add it to the AMP Catalog.

Each individual AMP requires a project metadata file, which defines the environmental resources needed by the AMP, and the setup steps to install the AMP in a Cloudera Machine Learning workspace. See AMP Project Specification for details.



Note: You can store your AMPs in a git repo hosted on Github, Github Enterprise, or GitLab servers (not limited to github.com or gitlab.com.)

Additionally, only simple authentication is supported, such as passing an API key, or including the username and password, as part of the URL. If additional authentication steps are required, then that git host is not supported.

You can also look at an example for a Cloudera AMP, such as: .project-metadata.yaml.

Related Information

AMP Project Specification

Custom AMP Catalog

An AMP catalog is a collection of AMPs that can be added to a workspace as a group. Cloudera Machine Learning ships with the Cloudera AMP catalog, containing AMPs developed by Cloudera Fast Forward Labs, but you can also create and add your own catalog, containing AMPs developed by your organization.

To create an AMP catalog, you need to create a YAML file called the catalog file. This file is hosted on GitHub or another git server. This could be either a public or a private git server.

The catalog file contains information about each AMP in the catalog, and provides a link to the AMP repository itself. The catalog file specification is shown in Catalog File Specification.

You can also look at the Cloudera catalog file for an example. To view the file, click directly on the URL for Cloudera in Catalog Sources.

For more details on creating the AMPs that you will include in your catalog, see Creating New AMPs.

One use case you might consider is creating a fork of the Cloudera AMP catalog, in order to host it internally. In this case, you will need to edit the URLs in the catalog and project metadata files to point to the appropriate internal resources.

Related Information

Catalog File Specification Creating New AMPs

Add a catalog

The collection of AMPs available to end users can draw from one or more sources. For example, you might have an internal company catalog in addition to the default Cloudera catalog. The catalog must be provided with a catalog file and one or more project metadata YAML files.

About this task

Specify Catalog File URL if your git hosting service allows you to access the raw content of the repo without authenticating. (That is, the source files can be retrieved with a curl command, and do not require logging into a web page). Otherwise, specify the Git Repository URL. To use a git repository as a catalog source, the catalog file and the AMP files must be in a repository that can be cloned with git clone without authentication.

Procedure

- 1. As an Administrator, go to Site Administration AMPs.
- 2. Select Git Repository URL or Catalog File URL to specify a new source. Paste or enter the URL to the new source, and file name for the catalog file if necessary.
- **3.** Click Add Source.
 - The catalog YAML file is loaded, and the projects found there are displayed in Catalog Entries.
- **4.** If there are projects that are not yet ready for use, or that should not be displayed in the catalog, deselect Enabled in the Catalog Entries.

Catalog File Specification

The Catalog file is a YAML file that contains descriptive information and metadata for the displaying the AMP projects in the Project Catalog.

Fields

Fields are in snake_case. Each project in the catalog uses the following fields:

| Field Name | Туре | Example | Description |
|-------------------|--------|--|---|
| name | string | name: Cloudera | Required. Name of the catalog, displayed as Source in the Prototype Catalog tab. |
| entries | string | entries: | Required. Contains the entries for each project. |
| title | string | title: Churn Modeling | Required. The title of the AMP, as displayed in the Prototype Catalog. |
| label | string | label: churn-prediction | Required. |
| short_description | string | short_description: Build an scikit-learn model | Required. A short description of the project. Appears on the project tile in the Prototype Catalog. |
| long_description | string | long_description: >- This project demonstrates | Required. A longer description that appears when the user clicks on the project tile. |
| image_path | string | image_path: >- https://raw .git | Required. Path to the image file that displays in the Prototype Catalog. |

| Field Name | Туре | Example | Description |
|--------------|---------|---|--|
| tags | string | tags: - Churn Prediction - Logistic Regression | Required. For sorting in the Prototype Catalog pane. |
| git_url | string | git_url: "https:" | Required. Path to the git repository for the project. |
| is_prototype | boolean | is_prototype: true | Optional. Indicates the AMP should be displayed in the Prototype Catalog. Use if coming_soon is not used. |
| coming_soon | boolean | coming_soon: true | Optional. Displays the AMP in the Prototype Catalog with a "COMING SOON" watermark. Use if is_prototype is not used. |

Example:

```
name: Cloudera
entries:
   - title: Churn Modeling with scikit-learn
     label: churn-prediction
     short_description: Build an scikit-learn model to predict churn using
 customer telco data.
     long_description: >-
     This project demonstrates how to build a logistic regression classific
ation model to predict the probability
     that a group of customers will churn from a fictitious telecommunicatio
ns company. In addition, the model is
     interpreted using a technique called Local Interpretable Model-agnos
tic Explanations (LIME). Both the logistic
    regression and LIME models are deployed using CML's real-time model dep
loyment capability and interact with a
    basic Flask-based web application.
     image path: >-
     https://raw.githubusercontent.com/cloudera/Applied-ML-Prototypes/maste
r/images/churn-prediction.jpg
    tags:
      - Churn Prediction
      - Logistic Regression
      - Explainability
      - Lime
   git_url: "https://github.com/cloudera/CML_AMP_Churn_Prediction"
    is_prototype: true
```

AMP Project Specification

AMP projects include a project metadata file that provides configuration and setup details. These details may include environment variables and tasks to be run on startup.

YAML File Specification # Version 1.0

The project metadata file is a YAML file. It must be placed in your project's root directory, and must be named .project-metadata.yaml. The specifications for this file are listed below. You can also look at an example for one of the Cloudera AMPs, such as:.project-metadata.yaml.

Fields

Fields for this YAML file are in snake_case. String fields are generally constrained by a fixed character size, for example string(64) is constrained to contain at most 64 characters. Click Show to see the list of fields.

| Field Name | Туре | Example | Description |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------|---|---|
| name | string(200) | ML Demo | Required: The name of this project prototype. Prototype names do not need to be unique. |
| description | string(2048) | This demo shows off some cool applications of ML. | Required: A description for this project prototype. |
| author | string(64) | Cloudera Engineer | Required: The author of this prototype (can be the name of an individual, team, or organization). |
| date | date string | "2020-08-11" | The date this project prototype was last modified. It should be in the format: "YYYY-MM-DD" (quotation marks are required). |
| specification_version | string(16) | 0.1 | Required: The version of the YAML file specification to use. |
| prototype_version | string(16) | 1.0 | Required: The version of this project prototype. |
| shared_memory_limit | number | 0.0625 | Additional shared memory in GB available to sessions running in this project. The default is 0.0625 GB (64MB). |
| environment_variables | environment variables object | See below | Global environment variables for this project prototype. |
| feature_dependencies | feature_dependencies | See below | A list of feature dependencies of this AMP. A missing dependency in workspace blocks the creation of the AMP. |

| Field Name | Туре | Example | Description |
|---------------|---------------|-----------|---|
| engine_images | engine_images | See below | Engine images to be used with the AMP. What's specified here is a recommendation and it does not prevent the user from launching an AMP with non recommended engine images. |
| runtimes | runtimes | See below | Runtimes to be used with the AMP. What's specified here is a recommendation and it does not prevent the user from launching an AMP with non recommended runtimes. |
| tasks | task list | See below | A sequence of tasks, such as running Jobs or deploying Models, to be run after project import. |

Example

```
name: ML Demo
description: >-
This demo shows off some cool applications of ML.
author: Cloudera Engineer
date: '2020-08-11T17:40:00.839Z'
specification_version: 1.0
environment_variables:
...
tasks:
...
```

Environment variables object

The YAML file can optionally define any number of global environment variables for the project under the environment field. This field is an object, containing keys representing the names of the environment variables, and values representing details about those environment variables. Click Show to see the list of fields in the Environment variables object.

| Field Name | Туре | Example | Description |
|-------------|--------|---|---|
| default | string | "3" | The default value for this environment variable. Users may override this value when importing this project prototype. |
| description | string | The number of Model replicas, 3 is standard for redundancy. | A short description explaining this environment variable. |

| Field Name | Туре | Example | Description |
|------------|---------|---------|---|
| required | boolean | true | Whether the environment variable is required to have a non-empty value, the default is false. |

Example: This example creates four environment variables.

```
environment_variables:
 AWS_ACCESS_KEY:
   default: ""
   description: "Access Key ID for accessing S3 bucket"
 AWS_SECRET_KEY:
   default: ""
   description: "Secret Access Key for accessing S3 bucket"
   required: true
 HADOOP DATA SOURCE:
   default: ""
   description: "S3 URL to large data set"
   required: false
 MODEL_REPLICAS:
   default: "3"
   description: "Number of model replicas, 3 is standard for redundancy"
   required: true
```

Feature Dependencies

AMPs might depend on some optional features of a workspace. The feature_dependencies field accepts a list of such features. Unsatisified feature dependencies prevent the AMP from being launched in a workspace, and display an appropriate error message. The supported feature dependencies are as follows:

model_metrics

Runtimes Specification

The runtimes field accepts a list of runtimes objects defined as follows. This Runtimes specification can be added per task or per project.

```
- editor: the_name_of_the_editor # case-sensitive string required. e.g. Work
bench, Jupyter, etc. (how it appears in the UI)
  kernel: the_kernel # case-sensitive string required. e.g. Python 3.6, Pyth
on 3.8, R 3.6, etc. (how it appears in the UI)
  edition: the_edition # case-sensitive string required. e.g. Standard, N
vidia GPU, etc. (how it appears in the UI)
  version: the_short_version # case-sensitive string optional. e.g. 2021.
03, 2021.05, etc. (how it appears in the UI)
  addons: the_list_addons_needed # list of case-sensitive strings optional.
  e.g Spark 2.4.7 - CDP 7.2.11 - CDE 1.13, etc. (how it appears in the UI)
```

This example specifies the Runtimes the Workbench version for Python 3.8.

```
runtimes:
   - editor: Workbench
   kernel: Python 3.8
   edition: Standard
   addons: ['Spark 2.4.7 - CDP 7.2.11 - CDE 1.13']
```

Engine Images Specification

The engine_images field accepts a list of engine_image objects defined as follows:

```
- image_name: the_name_of_the_engine_image # string (required)
  tags: # list of strings (optional)
  - the_tag_of_engine_image
  - ...
```

This example specifies the official engine image with version 11 or 12:

```
engine_images:
    - image_name: engine
    tags:
     - 12
     - 11
```

This example specifies the most recent version of the dataviz engine image in the workspace:

```
engine_images:
- image_name: cmldataviz
- image_name: cdswdataviz
```

Note that when specifying CDV images, both cmldataviz and cdswdataviz must be specified. When tags are not specified, the most recent version of the engine image with the matching name is recommended. The following rule is used to determine the most recent engine_image with the matching name:

Official Engine (engine) and CDV (cmldataviz and cdswdataviz) images

Since the officially released engine images follow semantic versioning (where a newer version is always larger than any older version, when compared with >), the most recent engine image is the one with the largest tag. For example, engine:14 will be recommended over engine:13 and cmldataviz:6.3.4-b13 is recommended over cmldataviz:6.2.1-b12.

Custom engine images

There is no way for Cloudera Machine Learning to determine the rules for customer custom engine image tags, and therefore there is no reliable way to determine the most recent custom engine image. You should use the engine image that has the correct matching name and has the newest id. The newest id means that the engine image is the most recently added engine image.

Task list

This defines a list of tasks that can be automatically run on project import. Each task will be run sequentially in the order they are specified in this YAML file. Click Show to see the list of fields.

| Field Name | Туре | Example | Description |
|---------------|--------|---|---|
| type | string | create_job | Required: The type of task to be executed. See below for a list of allowed types. |
| short_summary | string | Creating a Job that will do a task. | A short summary of what this task is doing. |
| long_summary | string | Creating a Job that will do this specific task. This is important because it leads up to this next task. | A long summary of what this task is doing. |

Jobs

Create Job

Example

- type: create_job
 name: howdy

entity_label: howdy
script: greeting.py
arguments: Ofek 21

short_summary: Creating a job that will greet you.

environment_variables:

SAMPLE_ENVIRONMENT_VARIABLE: CREATE/RUN_JOB

kernel: python3

Click Show to see the list of fields.

| Field Name | Туре | Example | Description |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|--|
| type | string | create_job | Required: Must be create_j ob. |
| name | string | howdy | Required: Job name. |
| entity_label | string | howdy | Required: Uniquely identifies this job for future tasks, i.e. run_job tasks. Entity labels must be lowercase alphanumeric, and may contain hyphens or underscores. |
| script | string | greeting.py | Required: Script for this Job to run. |
| kernel | string | python3 | Required: What kernel this Job should use. Acceptable values are python2, pyth on3, r, and scala. Note that scala might not be supported for every cluster. |
| arguments | string | Ofek 21 | Command line arguments to be given to this Job when running. |
| environment_variables | environment variables object | See above | See above |
| сри | number | 1.0 | The amount of CPU virtual cores to allocate for this Job, the default is 1.0. |

| Field Name | Туре | Example | Description |
|-------------|---------|---------|--|
| memory | number | 1.0 | The amount of memory in GB to allocate for this Job, the default is 1.0. |
| gpu | integer | 0 | The amount of GPU to allocate for this Job, the default is 0. |
| timeout | integer | 10 | The amount of time in minutes to wait before timing out this Job, the default is 10. |
| timeout_kil | boolean | false | Whether or not to stop this Job when it times out, the default is false. |

Run Job

Example run job task:

```
- type: run_job
  entity_label: howdy
  short_summary: Running the job that will greet you.
  long_summary: >-
    Running the job that will greet you. It will greet you by the name
    which is the first and only command line argument.
```

Most Job run tasks should just contain the type and entity_label fields. Click Show to see the list of fields.

| Field Name | Туре | Example | Description |
|--------------|--------|---------|---|
| type | string | run_job | Required: Must be run_job. |
| entity_label | string | howdy | Required: Must match an entity_label of a previous create_job task. |

However, they can optionally override previously defined fields. Click Show to see the list of fields.

| Field Name | Туре | Example | Description |
|------------|--------|-------------|---|
| script | string | greeting.py | Required: Script for this Job to run. |
| kernel | string | python3 | Required: What kernel this Job should use. Acceptable values are python2, pyth on3, r, and scala. Note that scala might not be supported for every cluster. |

| Field Name | Туре | Example | Description |
|-----------------------|------------------------------|-----------|--|
| arguments | string | Ofek 21 | Command line arguments to be given to this Job when running. |
| environment_variables | environment variables object | See above | See above |
| сри | number | 1.0 | The amount of CPU virtual cores to allocate for this Job, the default is 1.0 |
| memory | number | 1.0 | The amount of memory in GB to allocate for this Job, the default is 1.0. |
| gpu | integer | 0 | The amount of GPU to allocate for this Job, the default is 0. |
| shared_memory_limit | number | 0.0625 | Limits the additional shared memory in GB that can be used by this Job, the default is 0.0625 GB (64MB). |

Models

Note: All models have authentication disabled, so their access key alone is enough to interact with them.

Resources object

Models may define a resources object which overrides the amount of resources to allocate per Model deployment.

Click Show to see the list of fields.

| Field Name | Туре | Example | Description |
|------------|---------|---------|---|
| сри | number | 1.0 | The number of CPU virtual cores to allocate per Model deployment. |
| memory | number | 2.0 | The amount of memory in GB to allocate per Model deployment. |
| gpu | integer | 0 | The amount of GPU to allocate per Model deployment. |

For example:

resources: cpu: 1

```
memory: 2
```

Replication policy object

Models may define a replication policy object which overrides the default replication policy for Model deployments.

Click Show to see the list of fields.

| Field Name | Туре | Example | Description |
|--------------|---------|---------|--|
| type | string | fixed | Must be fixed if present. |
| num_replicas | integer | 1 | The number of replicas to create per Model deployment. |

For example:

```
replication_policy:
  type: fixed
  num_replicas: 1
```

Model examples list

Models may include examples, which is a list of objects containing a request and response field, each containing a valid object inside, as shown in the example:

```
examples:
    request:
    name: Ofek
    age: 21
    response:
        greeting: Hello Ofek (21)
- request:
        name: Jimothy
        age: 43
    response:
        greeting: Hello Coy (43)
```

Click Show to see the list of fields.

| Field Name | Туре | Example | Description |
|--------------|--------|-----------|---|
| request | string | See above | Required: An example request object. |
| num_replicas | string | See above | Required: The response to the above example request object. |

Create Model

Example:

```
- type: create_model
name: Say hello to me
entity_label: says-hello
description: This model says hello to you
```

```
short_summary: Deploying a sample model that you can use to greet you access_key_environment_variable: SHTM_ACCESS_KEY default_resources: cpu: 1 memory: 2
```

Click Show to see the list of fields.

| Field Name | Туре | Example | Description |
|----------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| type | string | create_model | Required: Must be crea te_model. |
| name | string | Say hello to me | Required: Model name |
| entity_label | string | says-hello | Required: Uniquely identifies this model for future tasks, i.e. build_mo del and deploy_model tasks. Entity labels must be lowercase alphanumeric, and may contain hyphens or underscores. |
| access_key_environment_va | risaltileg | SHTM_ACCESS_KEY | Saves the model's access key to an environment variable with the specified name. |
| default_resources | resources object | See above | The default amount of resources to allocate per Model deployment. |
| default_replication_policy | replication policy object | See above | The default replication policy for Model deployments. |
| description | string | This model says hello to you | Model description. |
| visibility | string | private | The default visibility for this Model. |

Build Model

Example

```
- type: build_model
  entity_label: says-hello
  comment: Some comment about the model
  examples:
    - request:
      name: Ofek
      age: 21
  response:
      greeting: Hello Ofek (21)
```

target_file_path: greeting.py
target_function_name: greet_me

kernel: python3

environment_variables:

SAMPLE_ENVIRONMENT_VARIABLE: CREATE/BUILD/DEPLOY_MODEL

| Field Name | Туре | Example | Description |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|---|
| type | string | build_model | Required: Must be buil d_model. |
| entity_label | string | says-hello | Required: Must match an entity_label of a previous create_model task. |
| target_file_path | string | greeting.py | Required: Path to file that will be run by Model. |
| target_function_name | string | greet_me | Required: Name of function to be called by Model. |
| kernel | string | python3 | What kernel this Model should use. Acceptable values are python2, pyth on3, r, and scala. Note that scala might not be supported for every cluster. |
| comment | string | Some comment about the model | A comment about the Model. |
| examples | model examples list | See above | A list of request/response example objects. |
| environment_variables | environment variables object | See above | See above |

Deploy Model

Example:

- type: deploy_model
 entity_label: says-hello
 environment_variables:

SAMPLE_ENVIRONMENT_VARIABLE: CREATE/BUILD/DEPLOY_MODEL

Most deploy model tasks should just contain the type and entity_label fields. Click Show to see the list of fields.

| Field Name | Туре | Example | Description |
|------------|--------|---------|----------------------------------|
| type | string | | Required: Must be depl oy_model. |

| Field Name | Туре | Example | Description |
|--------------|--------|------------|---|
| entity_label | string | says-hello | Required: Must match an entity_label of a previous deploy_model task. |

However, they can optionally override previously defined fields. Click Show to see the list of fields.

| Field Name | Туре | Example | Description |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------|-----------|--|
| сри | number | 1.0 | The number of CPU virutal cores to allocate for this Model deployment. |
| memory | number | 2.0 | The amount of memory in GB to allocate for this Model deployment. |
| gpu | integer | 0 | The amount of GPU to allocate for this Model deployment. |
| replication_policy | replication policy object | See above | The replication policy for this Model deployment. |
| environment_variables | environment variables object | See above | Overrides environment variables for this Model deployment. |

Applications

Start Application

Example:

```
- type: start_application
  subdomain: greet
  script: greeting.py
  environment_variables:
```

SAMPLE_ENVIRONMENT_VARIABLE: START_APPLICATION

kernel: python3

Click Show to see the list of fields.

| Field Name | Туре | Example | Description |
|------------|--------|-------------------|---|
| type | string | start_application | Required: Must be start_ap plication. |
| subdomain | string | greet | Required: Application subdomain, which must be unique per Application, and must be alphanumeric and hyphen-delimited. Application subdomains |

| Field Name | Туре | Example | Description |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|
| | | | are also converted to lowercase. |
| kernel | string | python3 | Required: What kernel this Application should use. Acceptable values are python2, python3, r, and scala. Note that scala might not be supported for every cluster. |
| entity_label | string | greeter | Uniquely identifies this application for future tasks. Entity labels must be lowercase alphanumeric, and may contain hyphens or underscores. |
| script | string | greeting.py | Script for this Application to run. |
| name | string | Greeter | Application name, defaults to 'Untitled application'. |
| description | string | Some description about the Application | Application description, defaults to 'No description for the app'. |
| сри | number | 1.0 | The number of CPU virutal cores to allocate for this Application. |
| memory | number | 1.0 | The amount of memory in GB to allocate for this Application. |
| gpu | integer | 0 | The amount of GPU to allocate for this Application. |
| shared_memory_limit | number | 0.0625 | Limits the additional shared memory in GB that can be used by this application, the default is 0.0625 GB (64MB). |
| environment_variables | environment variables object | See above | See above |

Experiments

Run Experiment

Example:

- type: run_experiment
 script: greeting.py
 arguments: Ofek 21
 kernel: python3

Click Show to see the list of fields.

| Field Name | Туре | Example | Description |
|--------------|--------|------------------------------|--|
| type | string | run_experiment | Required: Must be run_ experiment. |
| script | string | greeting.py | Required: Script for this Experiment to run. |
| entity_label | string | test-greeter | Uniquely identifies this experiment for future tasks. Entity labels must be lowercase alphanumeric, and may contain hyphens or underscores. |
| arguments | string | Ofek 21 | Command line arguments to be given to this Experiment when running. |
| kernel | string | python3 | What kernel this Experiment should use. Acceptable values are pyth on2, python3, r, and scala. Note that scala might not be supported for every cluster. |
| comment | string | Comment about the experiment | A comment about the Experiment. |
| cpu | number | 1.0 | The amount of CPU virtual cores to allocate for this Experiment. |
| memory | number | 1.0 | The amount of memory in GB to allocate for this Experiment. |
| gpu | number | 0 | The amount of GPU to allocate for this Experiment. |

Sessions

Run Sessions

Example:

```
- type: run_session
  name: How to be greeted interactively
code: |
  import os
   os.environ['SAMPLE_ENVIRONMENT_VARIABLE'] = 'SESSION'

  !python3 greeting.py Ofek 21

  import greeting
   greeting.greet_me({'name': 'Ofek', 'age': 21})
  kernel: python3
  memory: 1
  cpu: 1
  gpu: 0
```

Click Show to see the list of fields.

| Field Name | Туре | Example | Description |
|--------------|--------|--|--|
| type | string | run_session | Required: Must be run_sess ion. |
| | string | See above for code, greeting.py for script | Required: Either the code or script field is required to exist for the run Session task, not both. code is a direct block of code that will be run by the Session, while script is a script file that will be executed by the Session. |
| kernel | string | python3 | Required: What kernel this Session should use. Acceptable values are pyth on2, python3, r, and scala. Note that scala might not be supported for every cluster. |
| сри | number | 1.0 | Required: The amount of CPU virtual cores to allocate for this Session. |
| memory | number | 1.0 | Required: The amount of memory in GB to allocate for this Session. |
| entity_label | string | greeter | Uniquely identifies this session for future tasks. Entity labels must be lowercase alphanumeric, and may contain hyphens or underscores. |

| Field Name | Туре | Example | Description |
|------------|---------|---------------------------------|---|
| name | string | How to be greeted interactively | Session name. |
| gpu | integer | 0 | The amount of GPU to allocate for this Session. |

Host names required by AMPs

If you are using a non-transparent proxy in AWS, then you need to allow the following host names in order for AMPs to work.

- *.storage.googleapis.com
- *.raw.githubusercontent.com
- *.pypi.org
- *.pythonhosted.org
- *.github.com

These host names should be specified in the proxy, along with any other endpoints that are needed for your workspace.

AMPs in airgapped environments

In an airgapped installation, the default Accelerators for Machine Learning Projects (AMPs) catalog included at installation and default AMPs may be inaccessible. There are a few options to work around this issue.



Important: Accelerators for Machine Learning Projects do not work in Cloudera Machine Learning Private Cloud version 1.5.4 environment where non-transparent proxy is configured. To use AMPs in airgapped environment with non-transparent proxy configured, upgrade to Cloudera Machine Learning Private Cloud version 1.5.4 CHF1 (1.5.4-h2-b25) or higher version. For more details see the TSB 2024-766: AMPs and Feature Announcements not working with non-transparent proxy on CML Private Cloud 1.5.x Knowledge Base article.

Option 1: Set up a proxy with AMPs public endpoints whitelisted

Set up a proxy and whitelist the public endpoints listed in Host names required by AMPs on page 22.

Option 2: Clone AMPs catalog and projects internally and configure the CML workspace to use their internal catalog

1. Clone the AMPs catalog repository to local: Applied ML Prototype (AMP) Catalog | Github documentation.



Note: Catalog links must be https, not http.

- 2. Clone all the git projects mentioned in the git_url fields in Applied ML Prototypes | Github documentation.
- **3.** Update the git_url and image_path links to point to your local internal github repository clones (See Step 2) in local amp-catalog-cloudera-default.yaml (See Step 1).
- **4.** Update the AMPs catalog in the Cloudera Machine Learning workspace to point to the local amp-catalog-cloudera-default.yaml (See Step 1). Follow the steps in Add a catalog on page 5.
- 5. Complete the steps as instructed in Accessing python packages required by AMPs on airgapped setups.

Option 3: Download the desired AMPs in a zip file and upload it as a CML project

1. Browse the AMPs catalog page and go to the github project associated with the AMP: Accelerators for ML Projects (AMPs) | Cloudera Github documentation.



Note: Catalog links must be https, not http.

- 2. Download the AMP project as zip file.
- **3.** Go to Cloudera Machine Learning workspace and create a project by choosing file upload method and providing the above AMP zip file.
- 4. Complete the steps as instructed in Accessing python packages required by AMPs on airgapped setups.

Accessing python packages required by AMPs on airgapped setups

You must whitelist or allow traffic to the public pypi repository to install python packages required for AMPs to successfully deploy.

- *.pypi.org
- · *.pythonhosted.org

If you do not want to allow access to these domains from your environment, you must host your internal pypi repository and upload all the necessary pip packages used by AMPs and configure your cluster to use the internal pypi as default.

Related Information

TSB 2024-766: AMPs and Feature Announcements not working with non-transparent proxy on CML Private Cloud 1.5.x

AMP Project Specification

Host names required by AMPs

Add a catalog

Accelerators for ML Projects (AMPs)