

Machine Learning

Troubleshooting Cloudera Machine Learning

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The Cloudera logo, featuring the word "CLOUDERA" in a bold, orange, sans-serif font. The letter "E" is stylized with a horizontal bar through its center.

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Troubleshooting Issues with Workloads

This section describes some potential issues data scientists might encounter once the ML workspace is running workloads.

401 Error caused by incompatible Data Lake version

The following error might occur due to an incompatible Data Lake version:

```
org.apache.ranger.raaz.hook.s3.RazS3ClientCredentialsException: Exception in
Raz Server;
Check the raz server logs for more details, HttpStatus: 401
```

To avoid this issue, ensure that:

- Data Lake and Runtime (server) version is 7.2.11 or higher.
- Hadoop Runtime add-on (client) used in the CML session is 7.2.11 or higher.
- Spark Runtime add-on version must be CDE 1.13 or higher.

Engines cannot be scheduled due to lack of CPU or memory

A symptom of this is the following error message in the Workbench: "Unschedulable: No node in the cluster currently has enough CPU or memory to run the engine."

Either shut down some running sessions or jobs or provision more hosts for Cloudera Machine Learning.

Workbench prompt flashes red and does not take input

The Workbench prompt flashing red indicates that the session is not currently ready to take input.

Cloudera Machine Learning does not currently support non-REPL interaction. One workaround is to skip the prompt using appropriate command-line arguments. Otherwise, consider using the terminal to answer interactive prompts.

PySpark jobs fail due to Python version mismatch

```
Exception: Python in worker has different version 2.6 than that in driver 2.
7, PySpark cannot run with different minor versions
```

One solution is to install the matching Python 2.7 version on all the cluster hosts. A better solution is to install the Anaconda parcel on all CDH cluster hosts. Cloudera Machine Learning Python engines will use the version of Python included in the Anaconda parcel which ensures Python versions between driver and workers will always match. Any library paths in workloads sent from drivers to workers will also match because Anaconda is present in the same location across all hosts. Once the parcel has been installed, set the `PYSPARK_PYTHON` environment variable in the Cloudera Machine Learning Admin dashboard.

Troubleshooting Kerberos Errors

This topic describes some common Kerberos issues and their recommended solutions.

HDFS commands fail with Kerberos errors even though Kerberos authentication is successful in the web application

If Kerberos authentication is successful in the web application, and the output of `klist` in the engine reveals a valid-looking TGT, but commands such as `hdfs dfs -ls /` still fail with a Kerberos error, it is possible that your cluster is missing the [Java Cryptography Extension \(JCE\) Unlimited Strength Jurisdiction Policy File](#). The JCE policy file is

required when Red Hat uses AES-256 encryption. This library should be installed on each cluster host and will live under \$JAVA_HOME. For more information, see [Using AES-256 Encryption](#).

Cannot find renewable Kerberos TGT

Cloudera Machine Learning runs its own Kerberos TGT renewer which produces non-renewable TGT. However, this confuses Hadoop's renewer which looks for renewable TGTs. If the Spark 2 logging level is set to WARN or lower, you may see exceptions such as:

```
16/12/24 16:38:40 WARN security.UserGroupInformation: Exception encountered
while running the renewal command. Aborting renew thread. ExitCodeException
exitCode=1: kinit: Resource temporarily unavailable while renewing credentia
ls
```

```
16/12/24 16:41:23 WARN security.UserGroupInformation: PrivilegedActionExcep
tion as:user@CLLOUDERA.LOCAL (auth:KERBEROS) cause:javax.security.sasl.SaslEx
ception: GSS initiate failed [Caused by GSSException: No valid credentials p
rovided (Mechanism level: Failed to find any Kerberos tgt)]
```

This is not a bug. Spark 2 workloads will not be affected by this. Access to Kerberized resources should also work as expected.