## Cloudera Runtime 7.2.1

# **Release Notes**

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Cloudera Runtime Overview

# **Overview**

Welcome to the Cloudera Runtime Release Notes. This document provides you with the latest information about Cloudera Runtime 7.2.1. This document includes improvements and describes new features, bug fixes, tech previews and more. For detailed information about the runtime components themselves, see Cloudera documentation.

# **Cloudera Runtime Component Versions**

List of the official component versions for Cloudera Runtime. To know the component versions for compatibility with other applications, you must be familiar with the latest component versions in Cloudera Runtime. You should also be aware of the available Technical Preview components and use them only in a testing environment.

### Apache Components

Component	Version
Apache Arrow	0.8.0
Apache Atlas	2.0.0
Apache Calcite	1.19.0
Apache Avro	1.8.2
Apache Druid	0.17.1
Apache Hadoop (Includes YARN and HDFS)	3.1.1
Apache HBase	2.2.5
Apache Hive	3.1.3000
Apache Impala	3.4.0
Apache Kafka	2.5.0
Apache Knox	1.3.0
Apache Kudu	1.12.0
Apache Livy	0.6.0
Apache MapReduce	3.1.1
Apache Oozie	5.1.0
Apache ORC	1.5.1
Apache Parquet	1.10.99
Apache Phoenix	5.0.0
Apache Ranger	2.0.0
Apache Solr	8.4.1
Apache Spark	2.4.5
Apache Sqoop	1.4.7
Apache Tez	0.9.1
Apache Zeppelin	0.8.2
Apache ZooKeeper	3.5.5

Other Components

Component	Version
Data Analytics Studio	1.4.2
GCS Connector	1.9.10
HBase Indexer	1.5.0
Hue	4.5.0
Search	1.0.0
Schema Registry	0.9.0
Streams Messaging Manager	2.1.0

#### **Connectors and Encryption Components**

Component	Version
HBase connectors	1.0.0
Hive Meta Store (HMS)	1.0.0
Hive on Tez	1.0.0
Hive Warehouse Connector	1.0.0
Spark Atlas Connector	0.1.0
Spark Schema Registry	1.1.0

# What's New In Cloudera Runtime 7.2.1

This version of Cloudera Runtime provides you with several new capabilities. Learn how the new features and improvements benefit you.

## **What's New in Apache Atlas**

This topic lists new features for Apache Atlas in this release of Cloudera Runtime.

#### Atlas supports metadata extraction from AWS S3

Atlas can now obtain metadata from Amazon S3 storage, including metadata for S3 buckets and objects, including tags associated with them. This information is combined with information from other sources to integrate S3 objects in Atlas lineage. The S3 extraction logic is provided as stand-alone scripts for bulk and incremental metadata collection that you can configure to run through a scheduler. For more information, see AWS S3 metadata collection.

### What's new in DAS

There are no new features in DAS in this release of Cloudera Runtime.

## What's New in Apache HBase

There are no new features for Apache HBase in this release of Cloudera Runtime.

## What's New in Apache Hadoop HDFS

There are no new features for Apache Hadoop HDFS in this release of Cloudera Runtime.

For more information about HDFS, see HDFS Overview

## What's New in Apache Hive

There are no new features for Apache Hive in this release of Cloudera Runtime.

### What's New in Hue

This topic lists new features for Hue in this release of Cloudera Runtime.

#### Option to refresh the Hue load balancer cookie for effective resource utilization

The Hue load balancer is tasked to evenly distribute users across the available Hue servers for effective resource utilization. However, due to session persistence, the Hue load balancer redirects only the new users to the newly added Hue servers on your cluster. The existing users are still redirected to the existing Hue servers. Even though you add more Hue servers to meet the growing user base, the resources are not being utilized effectively. To overcome this issue, Cloudera provides an option to refresh the cookies from Cloudera Manager.

## What's New in Apache Impala

This topic lists new features for Apache Impala in this release of Cloudera Runtime.

### **Query Transparent Retries for Some Transient Errors**

If a SELECTquery fails due to a cluster membership change, the Coordinator will cancel and unregister the running query and then launch a retry of the query. For e.g., if one of the executor nodes fails during query execution, the query fails but is transparently re-executed, either with the executor node immediately replaced, or with a temporarily reduced number of executor nodes. This feature will support retrying the entire query and NOT the individual query fragments. INSERT and DDL queries will NOT be retried.



**Note:** This is an experimental feature.

For details, see Retry Failed Queries.

## What's New in Apache Kafka

This topic lists new features for Apache Kafka in this release of Cloudera Runtime.

#### Rebase on Kafka 2.5.0

Kafka shipped with this version of Cloudera Runtime is based on Apache Kafka 2.5.0. For more information, see Apache Kafka Notable Changes for version 2.5.0, as well as the Apache Kafka Release Notes for version 2.5.0 in the upstream documentation.

#### **Default Value Changes**

The default values of a number of Kafka configuration properties are updated. The following table contains the updated properties as well as new and old default values:

Display Name	Property Name	Old Default	New Default
Kafka Connect rest port	kafka.connect.rest.port	38083	28083
Kafka Connect secure rest port	kafka.connect.secure.rest.port	38085	28085

Display Name	Property Name	Old Default	New Default
Jetty Metrics port to expose JMX Json	metrics.jetty.server.port	38084	28084
ZooKeeper Session Timeout	zookeeper.session.timeout.ms	6000 ms	18000 ms
Allowed Replica Time Lag	replica.lag.time.max.ms	10000 ms	30000 ms

## What's New in Apache Knox

There are no new features for Apache Knox in this release of Cloudera Runtime.

## What's New in Apache Kudu

This topic lists new features for Apache Kudu in this release of Cloudera Runtime.

### Multiple tablet ids in 'local\_replica delete'

The 'local\_replica delete' tool allows multiple tablet identifiers to be specified and processed at once. This helps to reduce the overall latency caused by that opening tablet server's metadata takes significant time.

#### Adding --ignore\_nonexistent for 'local\_replica delete'

--ignore\_nonexistent flag was added for the 'local\_replica delete' tool. This makes the real-world scripting scenarios easier if trying to clean up tablet servers of particular tablet replicas.

#### KuduContect track operations per table

Adds the ability to track operation counts per table. Introduces the MapAccumulator to track these metrics in a single accumulator per operation type.

#### Support columnar row format in Java client

The setRowDataFormat() method is added to KuduScanner and AsyncKuduScanner. The Java client now supports the columnar RPC format. The format can be set through the setRowDataFormat() method on the KuduScanner.

### Check range predicate first while evaluating Bloom filter predicate

Range predicates can be specified along with Bloom filter predicates for the same column. It is more effective to check against range predicates and exit early if the column value is out of bounds compared to computing hash and then looking up the value in Bloom filter.

#### Arenas for RPC request and response

RPC server side allocates a protobuf Arena for each request. The request RPC and response are allocated from the Arena, ensuring that any sub-messages, strings, repeated fields, and so on, use that Arena for allocation as well. Everything is deleted en-masse when the InboundCall object (which owns the Arena) is destroyed.

#### New metadata to avoid master when using scan tokens

A new metadata is added to the scan token to allow it to contain all of the metadata required to construct a KuduTable and open a scanner in the clients. This means the GetTableSchema and GetTableLocations RPC calls to the master are no longer required when using the scan token.

New TableMetadataPB, TabletMetadataPB, and authorization token fields were added as optional fields on the token. Additionally a `projected\_column\_idx` field was added that can be used in place of the `projected\_columns`. This

significantly reduces the size of the scan token by not duplicating the ColumnSchemaPB that is already in the Tabl eMetadataPB.

Adding the table metadata to the scan token is enabled by default. However, it can be disabled in rare cases where more resiliency to column renaming is desired. It can be disabley in the kudu-spark integration using the kudu-useDriv erMetada property.

### RaftConsensus::DumpStatusHtml() does not block Raft consensus activity

kudu::consensus::RaftConsensus::CheckLeadershipAndBindTerm() needs to take the lock to check the term and the Raft role. When many RPCs come in for the same tablet, the contention can hog service threads and cause queue overflows on busy systems. With this improvement, RaftConsensus::DumpStatusHtml() no longer blocks Raft consensus activity and is not blocked by it either.

## What's New in Apache Oozie

There are no new features for Apache Oozie in this release of Cloudera Runtime.

For more information about Oozie, see Overview of Oozie.

## What's New in Apache Phoenix

There are no new features for Apache Phoenix in this release of Cloudera Runtime.

## What's New in Schema Registry

There are no new features for Schema Registry in this release of Cloudera Runtime.

### What's New in Cloudera Search

There are no new features for Cloudera Search in this release of Cloudera Runtime.

For more information about Cloudera Search, see Cloudera Search Overview.

## What's New in Apache Spark

This topic lists new features for Apache Spark in this release of Cloudera Runtime.

#### **Data engineering cluster**

You can create a data engineering cluster in Amazon AWS from within CDP by selecting the Data Engineering cluster template. A data engineering includes Spark, Livy, Hive, Zeppelin, and Oozie, along with supporting services (HDFS, YARN, and Zookeeper).

See Creating a Cluster on AWS.

## What's New in Sqoop

Learn what's new in the Apache Sqoop client in Cloudera Runtime 7.2.1.

To access the latest Sqoop documentation on Cloudera's documention web site, go to Sqoop Documentation 1.4.7.7.1.6.0.

#### Discontinued maintenance of direct mode

The Sqoop direct mode feature is no longer maintained. This feature was primarily designed to import data from an abandoned database, which is no longer updated. Using direct mode has several drawbacks:

- Imports can cause an intermittent and overlapping input split.
- Imports can generate duplicate data.
- Many problems, such as intermittent failures, can occur.
- Additional configuration is required.

Do not use the --direct option in Sqoop import or export commands.

## What's new in Streams Messaging Manager

There are no new features for Apache Streams Messaging Manager (SMM) in this release of Cloudera Runtime.

## What's New in Apache Hadoop YARN

This topic lists new features for Apache Hadoop YARN in this release of Cloudera Runtime.

#### **Queue Manager**

YARN Queue Manager is the queue management graphical user interface for Apache Hadoop YARN Capacity Scheduler. You can use YARN Queue Manager UI to manage your cluster capacity using queues to balance resource requirements of multiple applications from various users. Using YARN Queue Manager UI, you can set scheduler level properties and queue level properties. You can also view, sort, search, and filter queues using the YARN Queue Manager UI.

For more information about Queue Manager, see Manage Queues.

#### FPGA as a resource type

You can use FPGA as a resource type. For more information, see Use FPGA scheduling.

### New configuration property to enable or disable the YARN recommendation engine APIs

The YARN Recommendation API now recommends scaling cluster nodes up or down based on the demand and idle state of cluster resources. This feature can be turned on/off using the YARN configuration property yarn.cluster.sca ling.recommendation.enable.

## What's New in Apache ZooKeeper

There are no new features for Apache ZooKeeper in this release of Cloudera Runtime.

# **Deprecation Notices In Cloudera Runtime 7.2.1**

Components and features that will be deprecated or removed in this release or a future release.

#### **Terminology**

Items in this section are designated as follows:

#### Deprecated

Technology that Cloudera is removing in a future CDP release. Marking an item as deprecated gives you time to plan for removal in a future CDP release.

### Moving

Technology that Cloudera is moving from a future CDP release and is making available through an alternative Cloudera offering or subscription. Marking an item as moving gives you time to plan for removal in a future CDP release and plan for the alternative Cloudera offering or subscription for the technology.

#### Removed

Technology that Cloudera has removed from CDP and is no longer available or supported as of this release. Take note of technology marked as removed since it can potentially affect your upgrade plans.

### **Removed Components and Product Capabilities**

No components are deprecated or removed in this Cloudera Runtime release.

Please contact Cloudera Support or your Cloudera Account Team if you have any questions.

## **Deprecation notices in Apache Kudu**

This topic lists the features and functionality in Apache Kudu that will be deprecated or removed in this release or a future release.

- The Flume sink has been migrated to the Apache Flume project and removed from Kudu. Users depending on the Flume integration can use the old kudu-flume jars or migrate to the Flume jars containing the Kudu sink.
- Support for Apache Sentry authorization has been deprecated and may be removed in the next release. Users depending on the Sentry integration should migrate to the Apache Ranger integration for authorization.
- Support for Python 2 has been deprecated and may be removed in the next release.
- Support for CentOS/RHEL 6, Debian 8, Ubuntu 14 has been deprecated and may be removed in the next release.

## **Deprecation Notices for Apache Kafka**

Features and functionality that will be deprecated or removed in this release or a future release.

#### **Deprecated**

#### kafka-preferred-replica-election

The kafka-preferred-replica-election.sh command line tool has been deprecated in upstream Apache Kafka 2.4.0. Its alternative in CDP, kafka-preferred.replica-election, is also deprecated.

#### --zookeeper

The --zookeeper option has been deprecated for all Kafka command line tools except for kafka-re assign-partitions. Cloudera recommends that you use the --bootstrap-server option instead.

## **Deprecation Notices in Apache HBase**

Use this list to understand some of the deprecated items and incompatibilities if you are upgrading from HDP 2.x or CDH 5.x to CDP.

#### Known Incompatibilities when Upgrading from CDH and HDP

Cloudera Runtime uses Apache HBase 2.x.x whereas CDH 5.x and HDP 2.x uses Apache HBase 1.x.



**Important:** Some APIs that are listed as deprecated, but these APIs do not block your upgrade. You must stop using the deprecated APIs in your existing applications after upgrade, and not use these APIs in new development.

#### **List of Major Changes**

- HBASE-16189 and HBASE-18945: You cannot open the Cloudera Runtime HFiles in CDH or HDP.
- HBASE-18240: Changed the ReplicationEndpoint Interface.
- The Dynamic Jars Directory property hbase.dynamic.jars.dir is disabled by default. If you want to enable dynamic classloading, you can use the hbase.dynamic.jars.dir property in Cloudera Manager to change the default \${hbase.rootdir}/lib directory to some other location, preferably a location on HDFS. This property is flagged by Cloudera Manager as deprecated when you upgrade to CDP because the property is incompatible with HBase on cloud deployments. If you are using HBase with HDFS storage, you can ignore this warning, and keep using the hbase.use.dynamic.jars feature.

### **Co-processor API changes**

- HBASE-16769: Deprecated Protocol Buffers references from MasterObserver and RegionServerObserver.
- HBASE-17312: [JDK8] Use default method for Observer Coprocessors. The interface classes of BaseMasterAndRegionObserver, BaseMasterObserver, BaseRegionObserver, BaseRegionServerObserver and BaseWALObserver uses JDK8's 'default' keyword to provide empty and no-op implementations.
- Interface HTableInterface introduces following changes to the methods listed below:

### [#] interface CoprocessorEnvironment

Change	Result
Abstract method getTable ( TableName ) has been removed.	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodError exception.
Abstract method getTable ( TableName, ExecutorService ) has been removed.	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodError exception.

Public Audience

The following tables describes the coprocessor changes:

[#] class CoprocessorRpcChannel (1)

Change	Result
	A client program may be interrupted by IncompatibleClassChangeE rror or InstantiationError exception depending on the usage of this class.

#### Class CoprocessorHost<E>

Classes that were Audience Private but were removed:

Change	Result
Type of field coprocessors has been changed from java.util.SortedSet <e> to org.apache.hadoop.hbase.util.SortedList<e>.</e></e>	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchFieldError exception.

#### MasterObserver changes

The following changes are introduced to the MasterObserver interface:

#### [#] interface MasterObserver (14)

Change	Result
Abstract method voidpostCloneSnapshot ( ObserverContext< MasterCoprocessorEnvironment>, HBaseProtos.SnapshotDescr iption, HTableDescriptor ) has been removed from this interface.	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodError exception.
Abstract method voidpostCreateTable ( ObserverContext <master coprocessorenvironment="">, HTableDescriptor, HRegionInfo[]) has been removed from this interface.</master>	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodErrorexception.

Abstract method voidpostDeleteSnapshot (ObserverContext< MasterCoprocessorEnvironment>, HBaseProtos.SnapshotDescription ) has been removed from this interface.	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodErrorexception.
Abstract method voidpostGetTableDescriptors ( ObserverContex t <mastercoprocessorenvironment>, List<htabledescriptor> ) has been removed from this interface.</htabledescriptor></mastercoprocessorenvironment>	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodErrorexception.
Abstract method voidpostModifyTable ( observerContext <ma stercoprocessorenvironment="">, TableName, has been removed from this interface. ObserverContext<ma )<="" htabledescriptor="" td=""><td>A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodErrorexception.</td></ma></ma>	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodErrorexception.
Abstract method voidpostRestoreSnapshot ( ObserverContex t <mastercoprocessorenvironment>, HBaseProtos.SnapshotDes cription, HTableDescriptor ) has been removed from this interface.</mastercoprocessorenvironment>	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodErrorexception.
Abstract method voidpostSnapshot ( ObserverContext <maste rcoprocessorenvironment="">, HBaseProtos.SnapshotDescription, HTableDescriptor ) has been removed from this interface.</maste>	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodErrorexception.
Abstract method voidpreCloneSnapshot ( ObserverContext <m astercoprocessorenvironment="">, HBaseProtos.SnapshotDescription, HTableDescriptor ) has been removed from this interface.</m>	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodErrorexception.
Abstract method voidpreCreateTable ( ObserverContext <mas tercoprocessorenvironment="">, HTableDescriptor, HRegionInf o[]) has been removed from this interface.</mas>	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodErrorexception.
Abstract method voidpreDeleteSnapshot ( ObserverContext< MasterCoprocessorEnvironment>, HBaseProtos.SnapshotDescr iption ) has been removed from this interface.	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodErrorexception.
Abstract method voidpreGetTableDescriptors ( ObserverContext <mastercoprocessorenvironment>, List<tablename>, List<ht abledescriptor=""> ) has been removed from this interface.</ht></tablename></mastercoprocessorenvironment>	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodErrorexception.
Abstract method voidpreModifyTable ( ObserverContext <mas tercoprocessorenvironment="">, TableName, has been removed from this interface.</mas>	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodErrorexception.
Abstract method voidpreRestoreSnapshot ( ObserverContext <mastercoprocessorenvironment>, HBaseProtos.SnapshotDesc ription, HTableDescriptor ) has been removed from this interface.</mastercoprocessorenvironment>	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodErrorexception.
Abstract method voidpreSnapshot ( ObserverContext <master coprocessorenvironment="">, HBaseProtos.SnapshotDescription, HTableDescriptor ) has been removed from this interface.</master>	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodErrorexception.

## RegionObserver interface changes

The following changes are introduced to the RegionObserver interface.

### [#] interface RegionObserver (13)

Change	Result
Abstract method voidpostCloseRegionOperation ( ObserverC ontext <regioncoprocessorenvironment>, HRegion.Operation ) has been removed from this interface.</regioncoprocessorenvironment>	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodError exception.
Abstract method voidpostCompactSelection ( ObserverConte xt <regioncoprocessorenvironment>, Store, ImmutableList<s torefile=""> ) has been removed from this interface.</s></regioncoprocessorenvironment>	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodError exception.
Abstract method voidpostCompactSelection ( ObserverConte xt <regioncoprocessorenvironment>, Store, ImmutableList<s torefile="">, CompactionRequest )has been removed from this interface.</s></regioncoprocessorenvironment>	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodError exception.
Abstract method voidpostGetClosestRowBefore (	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodError exception.

Abstract method DeleteTrackerpostInstantiateDeleteTracker ( ObserverContext <regioncoprocessorenvironment>, DeleteTracker) has been removed from this interface.</regioncoprocessorenvironment>	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodError exception.
Abstract method voidpostSplit ( ObserverContext <regionco processorenvironment="">, HRegion, from this interface. HRegion) has been removed</regionco>	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodError exception.
Abstract method voidpostStartRegionOperation ( ObserverConte xt <regioncoprocessorenvironment>, HRegion.Operation) has been removed from this interface.</regioncoprocessorenvironment>	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodError exception.
Abstract method StoreFile.ReaderpostStoreFileReaderOpen (ObserverContext <regioncoprocessorenvironment>, FileSystem, Path, FSDataInputStreamWrapper, long, CacheConfig, Reference, StoreFile.Reader) has been removed from this interface.</regioncoprocessorenvironment>	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodError exception.
Abstract method voidpostWALRestore ( ObserverContext <reg ioncoprocessorenvironment="">, HRegionInfo, HLogKey, WA LEdit) has been removed from this interface.</reg>	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodError exception.
Abstract method InternalScannerpreFlushScannerOpen ( Obs erverContext <regioncoprocessorenvironment>, Store, KeyVa lueScanner, InternalScanner) has been removed from this interface.</regioncoprocessorenvironment>	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodError exception.
Abstract method voidpreGetClosestRowBefore ( observerCont ext <regioncoprocessorenvironment>, byte[], has been removed from this interface.  ObserverCont byte[], Result)</regioncoprocessorenvironment>	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodError exception.
Abstract method StoreFile.ReaderpreStoreFileReaderOpen ( ObserverContext <regioncoprocessorenvironment>, FileSystem, Path, FSDataInputStreamWrapper, long, CacheConfig, Reference, StoreFile.Reader) has been removed from this interface.</regioncoprocessorenvironment>	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodError exception.
Abstract method voidpreWALRestore ( ObserverContext <regi oncoprocessorenvironment="">, HRegionInfo, HLogKey, WAL Edit) has been removed from this interface.</regi>	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodError exception.

### **WALObserver interface changes**

The following changes are introduced to the WALObserver interface:

### [#] interface WALObserver

Change	Result
Abstract method voidpostWALWrite ( ObserverContext <w alcoprocessorenvironment="">, HRegionInfo, HLogKey, WAL Edit )has been removed from this interface.</w>	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodError exception.
Abstract method booleanpreWALWrite ( ObserverContext <walcoprocessorenvironment>, HRegionInfo, HLogKey, W ALEdit )has been removed from this interface.</walcoprocessorenvironment>	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodError exception.

### **Scheduler changes**

Following methods are now changed to abstract:

### [#]class RpcScheduler (1)

Change	Result
Abstract method void dispatch ( CallRunner ) has been removed from this class.	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodError exception.

[#] RpcScheduler.dispatch ( CallRunner p1 ) [abstract] : void 1

org/apache/hadoop/hbase/ipc/RpcScheduler.dispatch:(Lorg/apache/hadoop/hbase/ipc/CallRunner;)V

Change	Result
--------	--------

Return value type has been changed from void to boolean.	This method has been removed because the return type is part of the
	method signature. A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMe
	thodError exception.

### The following abstract methods have been removed:

### [#]interface PriorityFunction (2)

Change	Result
Abstract method longgetDeadline ( RPCProtos.RequestHeader, Message ) has been removed from this interface.	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodError exception.
Abstract method int getPriority ( RPCProtos.RequestHeader, M essage ) has been removed from this interface.	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodError exception.

## **Server API changes**

### [#] class RpcServer (12)

Change	Result
Type of field CurCall has been changed from java.lang.ThreadLocal <r pcserver.call=""> to java.lang.ThreadLocal<rpccall>.</rpccall></r>	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchFieldError exception.
Abstract method int getNumOpenConnections ( ) has been added to this class.	This class became abstract and a client program may be interrupted by InstantiationError exception.
Field callQueueSize of type org.apache.hadoop.hbase.util.Counter has been removed from this class.	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchFieldError exception.
Field connectionList of type java.util.List <rpcserver.connection> has been removed from this class.</rpcserver.connection>	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchFieldError exception.
Field maxIdleTime of type int has been removed from this class.	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchFieldError exception.
Field numConnections of type int has been removed from this class.	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchFieldError exception.
Field port of type int has been removed from this class.	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchFieldError exception.
Field purgeTimeout of type long has been removed from this class.	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchFieldError exception.
Field responder of type RpcServer.Responder has been removed from this class.	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchFieldError exception.
Field socketSendBufferSize of type int has been removed from this class.	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchFieldError exception.
Field thresholdIdleConnections of type int has been removed from this class.	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchFieldError exception.

### Following abstract methods are removed:

Change	Result
Abstract method Pair <message,cellscanner>call ( BlockingServ ice, Descriptors.MethodDescriptor, Message, CellScanner, long, MonitoredRPCHandler) has been removed from this interface.</message,cellscanner>	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodError exception.

### **Replication and WAL changes**

HBASE-18733: WALKey has been purged completely. Following are the changes to the WALKey:

### [#] classWALKey (8)

Change	Result
Access level of field clusterIds has been changed from protected to private.	A client program may be interrupted by IllegalAccessError exception.

Access level of field compressionContext has been changed from protected to private.	A client program may be interrupted by IllegalAccessError exception.
Access level of field encodedRegionName has been changed from protected to private.	A client program may be interrupted by IllegalAccessError exception.
Access level of field tablename has been changed from protected to private.	A client program may be interrupted by IllegalAccessError exception.
Access level of field writeTime has been changed from protectedto private.	A client program may be interrupted by IllegalAccessError exception.

#### Following fields have been removed:

Change	Result
Field LOG of type org.apache.commons.logging.Log has been removed from this class.	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchFieldError exception.
Field VERSION of type WALKey. Version has been removed from this class.	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchFieldError exception.
Field logSeqNum of type long has been removed from this class.	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchFieldError exception.

### **Admin Interface API changes**

You cannot administer a CDP Runtime Data Hub cluster using a client that includes RelicationAdmin, ACC, Thrift and REST usage of Admin ops. Methods returning protobufs have been changed to return POJOs instead. Returns have changed from void to Future for async methods. HBASE-18106 - Admin.listProcedures and Admin.listLocks were renamed to getProcedures and getLocks. MapReduce makes use of Admin doing following admin.getClusterStatus() to calcluate Splits.

• Thrift usage of Admin API:

```
compact(ByteBuffer) createTable(ByteBuffer, List<ColumnDescriptor>) dele
teTable(ByteBuffer) disableTable(ByteBuffer)
enableTable(ByteBuffer) getTableNames() majorCompact(ByteBuffer)
```

REST usage of Admin API:

```
hbase-rest org.apache.hadoop.hbase.rest RootResource getTableList() TableName[] tableNames = servlet.getAdmin().listTableNames();
SchemaResource delete(UriInfo) Admin admin = servlet.getAdmin(); update(TableSchemaModel, boolean, UriInfo) Admin admin = servlet.getAdmin();
StorageClusterStatusResource get(UriInfo) ClusterStatus status = servlet.getAdmin().getClusterStatus(); StorageClusterVersionResource get(UriInfo) model.setVersion(servlet.getAdmin().getClusterStatus().getHBaseVersion());
TableResource exists() return servlet.getAdmin().tableExists(TableName.valueOf(table));
```

### [#] interface Admin (9)

Following are the changes to the Admin interface:

Change	Result
Abstract method createTableAsync ( HTableDescriptor, byte[ ][ ] ) has been removed from this interface.	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodError exception.
Abstract method disableTableAsync ( TableName ) has been removed from this interface.	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodError exception.
Abstract method enableTableAsync ( TableName ) has been removed from this interface.	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodError exception.
Abstract method getCompactionState ( TableName ) has been removed from this interface.	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodError exception.

Abstract method getCompactionStateForRegion ( byte[ ] ) has been removed from this interface.	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodError exception.
Abstract method isSnapshotFinished ( HBaseProtos.SnapshotDes cription ) has been removed from this interface.	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodError exception.
Abstract method snapshot ( String, TableName, HBaseProtos.Sn apshotDescription.Type ) has been removed from this interface.	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodError exception.
Abstract method snapshot ( HBaseProtos.SnapshotDescription ) has been removed from this interface.	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodError exception.
Abstract method takeSnapshotAsync ( HBaseProtos.Snapshot Description ) has been removed from this interface.	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodError exception.

### [#] Admin.createTableAsync ( HTableDescriptor p1, byte[ ][ ] p2 ) [abstract] : void 1

org/apache/hadoop/hbase/client/Admin.createTableAsync:(Lorg/apache/hadoop/hbase/HTableDescriptor;[[B)V

Change	Result	
.Future <java.lang.void>.</java.lang.void>	This method has been removed because the return type is part of the method signature. A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMe thodError exception.	

### [#] Admin.disableTableAsync (TableName p1) [abstract]: void 1

org/apache/hadoop/hbase/client/Admin.disableTableAsync:(Lorg/apache/hadoop/hbase/TableName;)V

Change	Result
Return value type has been changed from void to java.util.concurrent .Future <java.lang.void>.</java.lang.void>	This method has been removed because the return type is part of the method signature. A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMe thodError exception.

#### Admin.enableTableAsync (TableName p1) [abstract]: void 1

org/apache/hadoop/hbase/client/Admin.enableTableAsync:(Lorg/apache/hadoop/hbase/TableName;)V

Change	Result
Return value type has been changed from void to java.util.concurrent .Future <java.lang.void>.</java.lang.void>	This method has been removed because the return type is part of the method signature. A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMe thodError exception.

#### Admin.enableTableAsync (TableName p1) [abstract] : void

 $org/apache/hadoop/hbase/client/Admin.getCompactionState: (Lorg/apache/hadoop/hbase/TableName;) Lorg/apache/hadoop/hbase/protobuf/generated/AdminProtos\\ GetRegionInfoResponse\\ CompactionState;$ 

Change	Result
Return value type has been changed from org.apache.hadoop.hbase. protobuf.generated.AdminProtos.GetRegionInfoResponse.Compact ionState to CompactionState.	This method has been removed because the return type is part of the method signature. A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMe thodError exception.

# [#] Admin.getCompactionStateForRegion ( byte[ ] p1 ) [abstract] : AdminProtos.GetRegionInfoResponse.CompactionState 1

 $org/apache/hadoop/hbase/client/Admin.getCompactionStateForRegion: ([B)Lorg/apache/hadoop/hbase/protobuf/gener ated/AdminProtos\\ GetRegionInfoResponse\\ CompactionState;$ 

Change	Result
Return value type has been changed from org.apache.hadoop.hbase. protobuf.generated.AdminProtos.GetRegionInfoResponse.Compact ionState to CompactionState.	This method has been removed because the return type is part of the method signature. A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMe thodError exception.

### HTableDescriptor and HColumnDescriptor changes

HTableDescriptor and HColumnDescriptor has become interfaces and you can create it through Builders. HCD has become CFD. It no longer implements writable interface. package org.apache.hadoop.hbase.

### [#] class HColumnDescriptor (1)

Change	Result
Removed super-interface org.apache.hadoop.io.WritableComparab le <hcolumndescriptor>.</hcolumndescriptor>	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodError exception.

#### class HTableDescriptor (3)

Change	Result
Removed super-interface org.apache.hadoop.io.WritableCompar able <hr/> HTableDescriptor>.	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodError exception.
Field META_TABLEDESC of type HTableDescriptor has been removed from this class.	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchFieldError exception.

#### [#] HTableDescriptor.getColumnFamilies ( ): HColumnDescriptor[ ] (1)

org/apache/hadoop/hbase/HTableDescriptor.getColumnFamilies:()[Lorg/apache/hadoop/hbase/HColumnDescriptor;

### [#] class HColumnDescriptor (1)

Change	Result
Return value type has been changed from HColumnDescriptor[] to clie nt.ColumnFamilyDescriptor[].	This method has been removed because the return type is part of the method signature. A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMe thodError exception.

### [#] interface Table (4)

Change	Result
Abstract method batch ( List ) has been removed from this interface.	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodError exception.
Abstract method batchCallback ( List , Batch.Callback <r> ) has been removed from this interface.</r>	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodError exception.
Abstract method getWriteBufferSize ( ) has been removed from this interface.	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodError exception.
Abstract method setWriteBufferSize ( long ) has been removed from this interface.	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodError exception.

#### **Deprecated buffer methods**

• LockTimeoutException and OperationConflictException classes have been removed.

### class OperationConflictException (1)

Result	Result
This class has been removed.	A client program may be interrupted by NoClassDefFoundErrorexce ption.

#### class class LockTimeoutException (1)

Change Result This class has been removed. A client program may be interrupted by NoClassDefFoundErrorexce ption.

### Filter API changes

Following methods have been removed: package org.apache.hadoop.hbase.filter

#### [#] class Filter (2)

Result	Result
Abstract method getNextKeyHint ( KeyValue ) has been removed from this class.	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodError exception.
Abstract method transform ( KeyValue ) has been removed from this class.	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodError exception.

- HBASE-12296: Filters should work with ByteBufferedCell.
- HConnection is removed in Cloudera Runtime.
- RegionLoad and ServerLoad internally moved to shaded Protocol Buffers.

### [#] class RegionLoad (1)

Result	Result
Type of field regionLoadPB has been changed from protobuf.generat ed.ClusterStatusProtos.RegionLoad to shaded.protobuf.generated.ClusterStatusProtos.RegionLoad.	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchFieldError exception.

### [#] interface AccessControlConstants (3)

Result	Result
Field OP_ATTRIBUTE_ACL_STRATEGY of type java.lang.String has been removed from this interface.	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchFieldError exception.
Field OP_ATTRIBUTE_ACL_STRATEGY_CELL_FIRST of type byte[] has been removed from this interface.	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchFieldError exception.
Field OP_ATTRIBUTE_ACL_STRATEGY_DEFAULT of type byte[] has been removed from this interface.	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchFieldError exception.

### [#] ServerLoad.getNumberOfRequests ( ): int 1

org/apache/hadoop/hbase/ServerLoad.getNumberOfRequests: () I

Result	Result
Return value type has been changed from int to long.	This method has been removed because the return type is part of the method signature. A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMe thodError exception.

### [#] ServerLoad.getNumberOfRequests ( ): int 1

org/apache/hadoop/hbase/ServerLoad.getReadRequestsCount: () I

Result	Result
Return value type has been changed from int to long.	This method has been removed because the return type is part of the method signature. A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMe thodError exception.

### [#] ServerLoad.getTotalNumberOfRequests ( ): int 1

org/apache/hadoop/hbase/ServerLoad.getTotalNumberOfRequests:() I

Result	Result
	This method has been removed because the return type is part of the method signature. A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMe thodError exception.

### [#]ServerLoad.getWriteRequestsCount(): int 1

org/apache/hadoop/hbase/ServerLoad.getWriteRequestsCount:()I

Result	Result
Return value type has been changed from int to long.	This method has been removed because the return type is part of the method signature. A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMe thodError exception.

### [#]class HConstants (6)

Result	Result
Field DEFAULT_HBASE_CONFIG_READ_ZOOKEEPER_CONFIG of type boolean has been removed from this class.	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchFieldError exception.
Field HBASE_CONFIG_READ_ZOOKEEPER_CONFIG of type java .lang.String has been removed from this class.	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchFieldError exception.
Field REPLICATION_ENABLE_DEFAULT of type boolean has been removed from this class.	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchFieldError exception.
Field REPLICATION_ENABLE_KEY of type java.lang.String has been removed from this class.	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchFieldError exception.
Field ZOOKEEPER_CONFIG_NAME of type java.lang.String has been removed from this class.	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchFieldError exception.
Field ZOOKEEPER_USEMULTIof type java.lang.String has been removed from this class.	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchFieldError exception.

### HBASE-18732: [compat 1-2] HBASE-14047 removed Cell methods without deprecation cycle.

### [#]interface Cell 5

Result	Result
Abstract method getFamily ( ) has been removed from this interface.	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodError exception.
Abstract method getMvccVersion ( ) has been removed from this interface.	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodError exception.
Abstract method getQualifier ( ) has been removed from this interface.	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodError exception.
Abstract method getRow ( ) has been removed from this interface.	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodError exception.
Abstract method getValue ( ) has been removed from this interface.	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodError exception.

HBASE-18795:Expose KeyValue.getBuffer() for tests alone. Allows KV#getBuffer in tests only that was deprecated previously.

### Region scanner changes

### [#]interface RegionScanner (1)

Result	Result
Abstract method boolean nextRaw ( List <cell>, int removed from this interface.</cell>	A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMethodError exception.

## StoreFile changes

### [#] class StoreFile (1)

Result	Result
	A client program may be interrupted by IncompatibleClassChangeE rror or InstantiationError exception dependent on the usage of this class.

#### MapReduce changes

HFile\*Format has been removed.

### ClusterStatus changes

[#] ClusterStatus.getRegionsInTransition ( ): Map<String,RegionState> 1

org/apache/hadoop/hbase/ClusterStatus.getRegionsInTransition:()Ljava/util/Map;

Result	Result
Return value type has been changed from java.util.Map <java.lang.stri ng,master.regionstate=""> to java.util.List<master.regionstate>.</master.regionstate></java.lang.stri>	This method has been removed because the return type is part of the method signature. A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMe thodError exception.

Other changes in ClusterStatus include removal of convert methods that were no longer necessary after purge of Protocol Buffers from API.

### **Purge of Protocol Buffers from API**

Protocol Buffers (PB) has been deprecated in APIs.

[#] HBaseSnapshotException.getSnapshotDescription ( ): HBaseProtos.SnapshotDescription 1

org/apache/hadoop/hbase/snapshot/HBaseSnapshotException.getSnapshotDescription: () Lorg/apache/hadoop/hbase/protobuf/generated/HBaseProtos\$SnapshotDescription;

Result	Result
Return value type has been changed from org.apache.hadoop.hbase. protobuf.generated.HBaseProtos.SnapshotDescription to or g.apache.hadoop.hbase.client.SnapshotDescription.	This method has been removed because the return type is part of the method signature. A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMe thodError exception.

HBASE-15609: Remove PB references from Result, DoubleColumnInterpreter and any such public facing class for 2.0. hbase-client-1.0.0.jar, Result.class package org.apache.hadoop.hbase.client

[#] Result.getStats ( ): ClientProtos.RegionLoadStats 1

 $org/apache/hadoop/hbase/client/Result.getStats: () Lorg/apache/hadoop/hbase/protobuf/generated/ClientProtos\$Region\ LoadStats;$ 

Result	Result
Return value type has been changed from org.apache.hadoop.hbase. protobuf.generated.ClientProtos.RegionLoadStats to RegionLoadStats.	This method has been removed because the return type is part of the method signature. A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMe thodError exception.

#### **PrettyPrinter changes**

hbase-server-1.0.0.jar, HFilePrettyPrinter.class package org.apache.hadoop.hbase.io.hfile

Result	Result
Return value type has been changed from void to int.	This method has been removed because the return type is part of the method signature. A client program may be interrupted by NoSuchMe thodError exception.

# **Behavioral Changes In Cloudera Runtime 7.2.1**

Behavioral changes denote a marked change in behavior from the previously released version to this version of Cloudera Runtime.

## **Behavioral Changes in Apache Hadoop YARN**

Behavioral changes denote a marked change in behavior from the previously released version to this version of Apache Hadoop YARN.

#### **Summary:**

The default value of the yarn.nodemanager.resource.memory-mb and the yarn.scheduler.maximum-allocation-mb changed.

#### **Details:**

#### **Previous behavior:**

Default value of the yarn.nodemanager.resource.memory-mb and the yarn.scheduler.maximum-a llocation-mb properties used to be 3GB.

#### New behavior:

Default value of the yarn.nodemanager.resource.memory-mb and the yarn.scheduler.maximum-a llocation-mb properties are 9.64GB.

## Fixed Issues In Cloudera Runtime 7.2.1

Fixed issues represent issues reported by Cloudera customers that are addressed in this release.

### **Fixed Issues in Atlas**

This section lists the issues that have been fixed since the previous version.

CDPD-13645: Contains sortBy=name, 'name' attribute is not in hive\_storagedesc definition. Also if sortBy is not passed, default attribute is name

Validated if sortBy attribute passed in the request is present in relationship end definition, if not present, ignore sorting.

Validated if sortBy attribute is not passed, default attribute name is present in relationship end definition, if not present, ignore sorting.

#### CDPD-10873

- 1) Fixed quick search aggregation metrics when filtered with System Attributes
- 2) Fixed quick search aggregation metrics when filtering with more than one filter
- 3) Fixed quick search aggregation metrics when filtering with negation operator

# CDPD-13805: Relationship api request will have provision to specify attributes to be present in search result.

Example Request: /v2/search/relationship?guid=ac9e04cc-f927-4334-af08-c83bc3733f5b&relation=columns&sortBy=name&sortOrder=ASCENDING&attributes=dcProfiledData

#### CDPD-11681:

- 1. Filter Search Results with multiple entity type by 'comma' separated string of typeName in the request Eg. "typeName": "hive\_table,hive\_db".
- 2. Filter Search Results with multiple tag by 'comma' separated string of tags in the request Eg. "classification": "tag1,tag2".

#### CDPD-13199: Incorrect attribute values in bulk import

When importing Business Metadata attribute assignments, Atlas used only the last assigned attribute value instead of individual values for each entity in the import list.

CDPD-372: All Spark Queries from the Same Spark Session were included in a Single Atlas Process

A Spark session can include multiple queries. When Atlas reports the Spark metadata, it creates a single process entity to correspond to the Spark session. The result was that an Atlas lineage picture showed multiple input entities or multiple output entities for a process, but the inputs and outputs were only related by the fact that they were included in operations in the same Spark session. In this release, the Spark Atlas Connector produces a spark\_application entity for each Spark job. Each data flow produced by the job creates a spark\_process entity in Atlas, which tracks the actual input and output data sets for that process. For more information, see Spark metadata collection.

#### CDPD-12620: Migration progress bar not refreshed

During the import stage of Cloudera Navigator to Apache Atlas migration, the migration progress bar does not correctly refresh the migration status. The Statistics page in the Atlas UI displays the correct details of the migration.

This issue is resolved.

#### CDPD-10151: Short Spark job processes may be lost

In rare occasions, it is possible for events captured for Atlas by the Spark Atlas Connector to be dropped before the metadata reaches Atlas. It is more likely that an event is lost in very short running jobs.

This issue is resolved.

#### CDPD-6042: Hive Default Database Location Incorrect in Atlas Metadata

The location of the default Hive database as reported through the HMS-Atlas plugin does not match the actual location of the database. This problem does not affect non-default databases.

This issue is resolved.

#### CDPD-4662: Lineage graph links not working

Atlas lineage graphs do not include hyperlinks from assets to the assets' detail pages and clicking an asset does not provide an error in the log. Clicking an edge in a graph still provides access to edge behavior options such as controlling how classifications propagate.

This issue is resolved.

#### CDPD-3700: Missing Impala and Spark lineage between tables and their data files

Atlas does not create lineage between Hive tables and their backing HDFS files for CTAS processes run in Impala or Spark.

This issue is resolved.

Additional Cloudera JIRAs: CDP-5027, CDPD-3700, and IMPALA-9070

### Fixed issues in DAS

This section lists the issues that have been fixed since the previous version.

There are no fixed issues in this release of Cloudera Runtime.

## **Fixed Issues in Hadoop**

This section lists the issues that have been fixed since the previous version.

CDPD-7383: The ABFS and ADL connectors compatible with Alpine Linux and other platforms which have libssl1.1-1.1.1b-r1 as their native OpenSSL implementation

See HADOOP-16460 and HADOOP-16438

### **Fixed Issues in HBase**

There are no fixed issues for HBase in Cloudera Runtime 7.2.1.

### **Fixed Issues in HDFS**

This section lists the issues that have been fixed since the previous version.

#### CDPD-6100

: This improvement makes HDFS NameNode leave safemode immediately if all blocks have reported in, reducing the cluster startup time.

#### CDPD-2946: Slow reading and writing of erasure-coded files

The ISA-L library is not packaged with HDFS as a result of which HDFS erasure coding falls back to the Java implementation which is much slower than the native Hadoop implementation. This slows down the reading and writing of erasure-coded files.

### **Fixed Issues in Hive**

This section lists the issues that have been fixed since the previous version.

CDPD-14820: Fixed probeDecode issue. TezCompiler pushes down MapJoin Operators with Key expressions.

Now, only MapJoins with simple keys is supported by the Hive probeDecode feature.

### **Fixed Issues in Hue**

This section lists the issues that have been fixed since the previous version.

### CDPD-12599: The configuration check for Hive data warehouse fails

Hue no longer fails while testing the connection with the Hive data warehouse when a Hue superuser goes to check Hue configuration.

## Fixed Issues in Impala

This section lists the issues that have been fixed since the previous version.

### CDPD-10444: Update the version of Atlas used by Impala

Resolves the inconsistency between the versions of jackson-databind used by Atlas and Impala so that you no longer see the exception NoClassDefFoundError after the call to QueryEventHookMa nager#executeQueryCompleteHooks() in Impala.

### Fixed Issues in Kafka

This section lists the issues that have been fixed since the previous version.

Bug ID: OPSAPS-57113

Apache JIRA: N/A

Apache Component: Kafka

Summary: The Kafka Broker Advanced Configuration Snippet (Safety Valve) for ssl.properties does not propagate configurations correctly.

### Fixed Issues in Kudu

This section lists the issues that have been fixed since the previous version.

Auto rebalancer does not successfully execute moves

Apache JIRA: KUDU-3113

Summary:

When executing moves, the auto-rebalancer used try to resolve theleader's address by passing its UUID instead of its host. With this fix, it uses an appropriate host.

#### KuduPredicate class in Java client does not handle Date columns

Apache JIRA: KUDU-3152

Summary:

Prior to this fix, if you had a table with DATE column, you could not scan for it using the java client. A check for minimum and maximum boundaries of integer representation of java.sql.Date was added to match MIN\_DATE\_VALUE and MAX\_DATE\_VALUE in DateUtil.

### **Fixed Issues in Oozie**

This section lists the issues that have been fixed since the previous version.

CDPD-14600

Apache ActiveMQ is updated to address CVE-2016-3088

CDPD-13702

The PostgreSQL driver is upgraded to address CVE-2020-13692

CDPD-11967

Fix to address CWE-693: Protection Mechanism Failure

CDPD-12742: Oozie was not able to communicate with ID Broker and hence it failed to obtain a delegation token, because of a missing Jar

That Jar is now deployed together with Oozie and hence the underlying issue is fixed.

CDPD-12283: By Oozie did not allow to use s3a and abfs file systems and users had to manually specify the supportability of these via Safety Valve

Since Oozie is compatible with these filesystems we changed the default Oozie configuration to allow these so users dont have to manually specify it.

CDPD-10746: Fix to address CVE-2019-17571

CDPD-9895: https://issues.apache.org/jira/browse/OOZIE-3529: Various errors when trying to use an S3 filesystem

Oozie is now fully compatible with S3.

CDPD-9761: https://issues.apache.org/jira/browse/OOZIE-3584: There is a sub workflow run in independent mode that runs a fork action which contains two (or more) actions

These actions inside the fork action run in parallel mode, and they have some seconds delay in between them. If a parameter is passed to one of these actions, that cannot be resolved, then it changes its status to FAILED, and also the workflows state to FAILED. The other actions state which are not started yet will stuck in PREP state forever. The correct behaviour would be to KILL the remaining actions as well as the workflow. Note: this bug only occurs when it is run in independent mode. If it has a parent workflow, then the parent workflow will kill this workflow after 10 minutes because of the callback process.

#### CDPD-9721: Upgrade built-in spark-hive in Oozie

Oozie is using the Spark-Hive library from the stack.

CDPD-9220: https://issues.apache.org/jira/browse/OOZIE-3586: Oozie spark actions using --keytab fail due to duplicate dist. cache

Oozie spark actions add everything in the distributed cache of the launcher job to the distributed cache of the spark job, meaning the keytab is already there, then the --keytab argument tries to add it again causing the failure.

CDPD-9189: Apache Pig support was completely removed from Oozie

CDPD-7108: https://issues.apache.org/jira/browse/OOZIE-3561: In case we have a workflow which has, lets say, 80 actions after each other, then the validator code "never" finishes

CDPD-7107: https://issues.apache.org/jira/browse/OOZIE-3551: The following were added to the spark opts section of the spark action: --conf spark

CDPD-7106: https://issues.apache.org/jira/browse/OOZIE-2828: query tag is not functional for Hive2 action node in oozie

Workflow is intended to create a hive table using Hive2 action node. Though workflow run successfully, table is not created.

CDPD-7105: https://issues.apache.org/jira/browse/OOZIE-2626: Oozie workflow processing becomes slow after the increase of rows in WF\_JOBS and WF\_ACTIONS tables when running against SQL Server

CDPD-6877: https://issues.apache.org/jira/browse/OOZIE-3578: When you create a MapReduce action which then creates more than 120 counters, an exception was thrown

CDPD-6630: https://issues.apache.org/jira/browse/OOZIE-3575: Oozie by default gathers delegation tokens for the nodes defined in MapReduce

CDPD-5168: https://issues.apache.org/jira/browse/OOZIE-3381: Logging enhancements in CoordElFunctions for better supportability

CDPD-4826: Oozies web server does not work when TLS is enabled and Open JDK 11 is in use This issue is now fixed.

### **Fixed Issues in Phoenix**

There are no fixed issues for Phoenix in Cloudera Runtime 7.2.1.

## **Fixed Issues in Ranger**

This section lists the issues that have been fixed since the previous version.

CDPD-15401: When you enable Hive Metastore lookup in Ranger admin, resource lookup returns nothing and displays an error.

This issue is now resolved. You must use this step as a solution: sudo ln -s /opt/cloudera/parcels/\*<CDH-version>\*/jars/libfb303-0.9.3.jar /opt/cloudera/parcels/\*&lt;CDH-version>\*/lib/ranger-admin/ews/webapp/WEB-INF/lib/libfb303-0.9.3.jar

#### CDPD-14269 and CDPD-14289: Failed resource filtering in Ranger Policy Export.

Exporting tag policies result in a 204 error when the polResource query parameter is used.

CDPD-12848: When you try to create multiple policies using the API having same non-existing group, the group creation fails due to multiple threads trying to create the same group at once.

Separate threads are now created for retry group creation and checks if the group is previously created and associate it with policy.

#### CDPD-10072: Ranger Ozone plugin unable to write to solr audits in SSL enabled cluster

This issue is now resolved. A separate folder libext is added under the Ozone library path and all the ranger plugin jars are added under this new folder.

## **Fixed Issues in Schema Registry**

This section lists the issues that have been fixed since the previous version.

Bug ID: OPSAPS-57317

Summary: Requests sent to Schema Registry from a Ranger user will be rejected because the user "rangerlookup"

does not have permissions.

Bug ID: OPSAPS-56457

Summary: The Schema Registry yaml file-generation mechanism is broken on Azuze.

Bug ID: OPSAPS-56345

Summary: Issues with Schema Registry's Ranger repository handling.

Bug ID: CDPD-12840

Summary: Relocate Jersey packages to avoid conflict with Hadoop.

Bug ID: OPSAPS-56286

Summary: If you are running multiple instances of the Schema Registry Server role, an incorrect health state will be displayed for the Schema Registry service even if the underlying role instances are healthy.

Bug ID: OPSAPS-55940

Summary: Must configure JDBC connector jar location for Schema Registry and Streams Messaging Manager.

Bug ID: CDPD-14176

Summary: Cannot add schema to the registry through the UI.

Bug ID: CDPD-12261

Summary: When file upload fails, the Schema Registry UI displays a Success message.

Bug ID: CDPD-12150

Summary: You cannot upload jar files through the Schema Registry UI on Firefox and Internet Explorer.

## Fixed Issues in Spark

This section lists the issues that have been fixed since the previous version.

CDPD-10532: Update log4j to address CVE-2019-17571

Replaced log4j with an internal version to fix CVE-2019-17571.

CDPD-10515: Incorrect version of jackson-mapper-asl

Use an internal version of jackson-mapper-asl to address CVE-2017-7525.

CDPD-7882: If an insert statement specifies partitions both statically and dynamically, there is a potential for data loss

To prevent data loss, this fix throws an exception if partitions are specified both statically and dynamically. You can follow the workarounds provided in the error message.

## **Fixed Issues in Apache Sqoop**

This section lists the issues that have been fixed since the previous version.

CDPD-12646: Sqoop does not close the open database connection before submitting the MapReduce Job. The open connection utilizes resources and displays an error message in the log when the connection times out.

This issue is resolved.

## **Fixed Issues in Streams Messaging Manager**

This section lists the issues that have been fixed since the previous version.

Bug ID: CDPD-10771 Apache JIRA: N/A

Apache Component: N/A

Summary: CPU usage chart showing incorrect values for brokers in CM.

Bug ID: CDPD-14341 Apache JIRA: N/A

Apache Component: N/A

Summary: When SMM fails to fetch metrics from CM, this failure must be saved and displayed when the user

accesses the SMM UI. Bug ID: CDPD-14930

Apache JIRA: N/A

Apache Component: N/A

Summary: For certain time periods, metrics such as Bytes In, Bytes out, Messages In are displaying incorrect value. This is due to CM metrics rollup where granularity of more than 1 min causes metrics to lose metric information resulting in incorrect calculation.

Bug ID: OPSAPS-55940

Apache JIRA: N/A

Apache Component: N/A

Summary: SchemaRegistry and SMM used to come pre-packaged with the mysql jar file. This file needed to be located under the ./bootstrap/libs and ./libs dirs in order for the startup script to find them. The mysql connector JARs are not found in the libs folders.

Bug ID: OPSAPS-56328

Apache JIRA: N/A

Apache Component: N/A

Summary: Setting Kafka Connect default ports to be non ephemeral ports.

## **Fixed Issues in Zeppelin**

This section lists the issues that have been fixed since the previous version.

CDPD-10187: Incorrect version of jackson-mapper-asl.

Use internal version of jackson-mapper-asl to handle CVE-2017-7525.

### CDPD-1683: Zeppelin demo users have been removed

Use cluster users to access Zeppelin. For information on provisioning users in CDP, see Onboarding users.

#### CDPD-880, CDPD-1685: Shell, JDBC, and Spark interpreters have been removed

Workaround: Use an available interpreter. For Spark functionality, use the Livy interpreter.

#### CDPD-3047: Markdown interpreter does not handle certain numbered list syntax correctly

Using the plus sign (+) or asterisk (\*) to continue a numbered list using the %md interpreter results in bullet point entries instead.

Workaround: None.

## **Known Issues In Cloudera Runtime 7.2.1**

This topic describes known issues and workarounds in this release of Cloudera Runtime.

## **Known Issues in Apache Atlas**

This topic describes known issues and workarounds for using Atlas in this release of Cloudera Runtime.

ATLAS-3921: Currently there is no migration path from AWS S3 version 1 to AWS S3 version 2.

Workaround: None.

### CDPD-12668: Navigator Spark lineage can fail to render in Atlas

As part of content conversion from Navigator to Atlas, the conversion of some spark applications created a cyclic lineage reference in Atlas, which the Atlas UI fails to render. The cases occur when a Spark application uses data from a table and updates the same table.

Workaround: None.

### CDPD-11941: Table creation events missed when multiple tables are created in the same Hive command

When multiple Hive tables are created in the same database in a single command, the Atlas audit log for the database may not capture all the table creation events. When there is a delay between creation commands, audits are created as expected.

Workaround: None.

#### CDPD-11940: Database audit record misses table delete

When a hive\_table entity is created, the Atlas audit list for the parent database includes an update audit. However, at this time, the database does not show an audit when the table is deleted.

Workaround: None.

### CDPD-11790: Simultaneous events on the Kafka topic queue can produce duplicate Atlas entities

In normal operation, Atlas receives metadata to create entities from multiple services on the same or separate Kafka topics. In some instances, such as for Spark jobs, metadata to create a table entity in Atlas is triggered from two separate messages: one for the Spark operation and a second for the table metadata from HMS. If the process metadata arrives before the table metadata, Atlas creates a temporary entity for any tables that are not already in Atlas and reconciles the temporary entity with the HMS metadata when the table metadata arrives.

However, in some cases such as when Spark SQL queries with the write.saveAsTable function, Atlas does not reconcile the temporary and final table metadata, resulting in two entities with the same qualified name and no lineage linking the table to the process entity.

This issue is not seen for other lineage queries from spark:

```
create table default.xx3 as select * from default.xx2
insert into yy2 select * from yy
insert overwrite table ww2 select * from ww1
```

Another case where this behavior may occur is when many REST API requests are sent at the same time.

Workaround: None.

#### CDPD-11692: Navigator table creation time not converted to Atlas

In converting content from Navigator to Atlas, the create time for Hive tables is not moved to Atlas.

Workaround: None.

#### CDPD-11338: Cluster names with upper case letters may appear in lower case in some process names

Atlas records the cluster name as lower case in qualifiedNames for some process names. The result is that the cluster name may appear in lower case for some processes (insert overwrite table) while it appears in upper case for other queries (ctas) performed on the same cluster.

Workaround: None.

#### CDPD-10576: Deleted Business Metadata attributes appear in Search Suggestions

Atlas search suggestions continue to show Business Metadata attributes even if the attributes have been deleted.

Workaround: None.

#### CDPD-10574: Suggestion order doesn't match search weights

At this time, the order of search suggestions does not honor the search weight for attributes.

Workaround: None.

#### CDPD-9095: Duplicate audits for renaming Hive tables

Renaming a Hive table results in duplicate ENTITY\_UPDATE events in the corresponding Atlas entity audits, both for the table and for its columns.

Workaround: None.

#### CDPD-7982: HBase bridge stops at HBase table with deleted column family

Bridge importing metadata from HBase fails when it encounters an HBase table for which a column family was previously dropped. The error indicates:

```
Metadata service API org.apache.atlas.AtlasClientV2$API_V2@58112 bc4 failed with status 404 (Not Found) Response Body ({""errorCode"":""ATLAS-404-00-007"",""errorMessage"":""Invalid instance creation/updation parameters passed:
hbase_column_family.table: mandatory attribute value missing in type hbase_column_family""})
```

Workaround: None.

#### CDPD-7781: TLS certificates not validated on Firefox

Atlas is not checking for valid TLS certificates when the UI is opened in FireFox browsers.

Workaround: None.

#### CDPD-6675: Irregular qualifiedName format for Azure storage

The qualifiedName for hdfs\_path entities created from Azure blog locations (ABFS) doesn't have the clusterName appended to it as do hdfs\_path entities in other location types.

Workaround: None.

# CDPD-5933, CDPD-5931: Unexpected Search Results When Using Regular Expressions in Basic Searches on Classifications

When you include a regular expression or wildcard in the search criteria for a classification in the Basic Search, the results may differ unexpectedly from when full classification names are included. For example, the Exclude sub-classifications option is respected when using a full classification name as the search criteria; when using part of the classification name and the wildcard (\*) with Exclude sub-classifications turned off, entities marked with sub-classifications are not included in the results. Other instances of unexpected results include case-sensitivity.

Workaround: None.

#### CDPD-4762: Spark metadata order may affect lineage

Atlas may record unexpected lineage relationships when metadata collection from the Spark Atlas Connector occurs out of sequence from metadata collection from HMS. For example, if an

ALTER TABLE operation in Spark changing a table name and is reported to Atlas before HMS has processed the change, Atlas may not show the correct lineage relationships to the altered table.

Workaround: None.

#### CDPD-4545: Searches for Qualified Names with "@" doesn't fetch the correct results

When searching Atlas qualifiedName values that include an "at" character (@), Atlas does not return the expected results or generate appropriate search suggestions.

Workaround: Consider leaving out the portion of the search string that includes the @ sign, using the wildcard character \* instead.

#### CDPD-3208: Table alias values are not found in search

When table names are changed, Atlas keeps the old name of the table in a list of aliases. These values are not included in the search index in this release, so after a table name is changed, searching on the old table name will not return the entity for the table.

Workaround: None.

#### CDPD-3160: Hive lineage missing for INSERT OVERWRITE queries

Lineage is not generated for Hive INSERT OVERWRITE queries on partitioned tables. Lineage is generated as expected for CTAS queries from partitioned tables.

Workaround: None.

### CDPD-3125: Logging out of Atlas does not manage the external authentication

At this time, Atlas does not communicate a log-out event with the external authentication management, Apache Knox. When you log out of Atlas, you can still open the instance of Atlas from the same web browser without re-authentication.

Workaround: To prevent access to Atlas after logging out, close all browser windows and exit the browser.

#### CDPD-1892: Ranking of top results in free-text search not intuitive

The Free-text search feature ranks results based on which attributes match the search criteria. The attribute ranking is evolving and therefore the choice of top results may not be intuitive in this release.

Workaround: If you don't find what you need in the top 5 results, use the full results or refine the search.

#### CDPD-1884: Free text search in Atlas is case sensitive

The free text search bar in the top of the screen allows you to search across entity types and through all text attributes for all entities. The search shows the top 5 results that match the search terms at any place in the text (\*term\* logic). It also shows suggestions that match the search terms that begin with the term (term\* logic). However, in this release, the search results are case-sensitive.

Workaround: If you don't see the results you expect, repeat the search changing the case of the search terms.

#### CDPD-1823: Queries with ? wildcard return unexpected results

DSL queries in Advanced Search return incorrect results when the query text includes a question mark (?) wildcard character. This problem occurs in environments where trusted proxy for Knox is enabled, which is always the case for CDP.

Workaround: None.

### CDPD-1664: Guest users are redirected incorrectly

Authenticated users logging in to Atlas are redirected to the CDP Knox-based login page. However, if a guest user (without Atlas privileges) attempts to log in to Atlas, the user is redirected instead to the Atlas login page.

Workaround: To avoid this problem, open the Atlas Dashboard in a private or incognito browser window.

#### CDPD-922: IsUnique relationship attribute not honored

The Atlas model includes the ability to ensure that an attribute can be set to a specific value in only one relationship entity across the cluster metadata. For example, if you wanted to add metadata tags to relationships that you wanted to make sure were unique in the system, you could design the relationship attribute with the property "IsUnique" equal true. However, in this release, the IsUnique attribute is not enforced.

Workaround: None.

### **Known Issues in DAS**

This topic describes known issues and workarounds for using DAS in this release of Cloudera Runtime.

- You may not be able to add or delete columns or change the table schema after creating a new table using the upload table feature.
- For clusters secured using Knox, you see the HTTP 401: Forbidden error message when you click the DAS quick link from Cloudera Manager and are unable to log into DAS.

Workaround: The admin user will need to provide the DAS URL from the Knox proxy topology to the users needing access to DAS.

The download logs feature may not return the YARN application logs on a Kerberized cluster. When you
download the logs, the logs contain an error-reports.json file which states that no valid Kerberos tokens are
available.

Workaround: An admin user with access to the machine can use the kinit command as a hive user with hive service user keytabs and trigger the download.

- The task logs for a particular task may not be available in the task swimlane. And the zip file generated by
  download logs artifact may not have task logs, but instead contain an error-reports.json file with the error log of
  the download failures.
- You may not see any data for a report for any new queries that you run. This can happen especially for the last one day's report.

Workaround:

- 1. Shut down the DAS Event Processor.
- **2.** Run the following command from the Postgres server:

```
update das.report_scheduler_run_audit set status = 'FAILED' where status
= 'READING';
```

- **3.** Start the DAS Event Processor.
- On clusters secured with Knox proxy only: You might not be able to save the changes to the JDBC URL in the DAS UI to change the server interface (HS2 or LLAP) on which you are running your queries.
- You may be unable to upload tables or get an error while browsing files to upload tables in DAS on a cluster secured using Knox proxy.
- DAS does not parse semicolons (;) and double hyphens (--) in strings and comments.

For example, if you have a semicolon in query such as the following, the query might fail: select \* from properties where prop\_value = "name1;name2";

If a semicolon is present in a comment, then execute the query after removing the semicolon from the comment, or removing the comment altogether. For example:

```
select * from test; -- select * from test;
```

```
select * from test; /* comment; comment */
```

Queries with double hyphens (--) might also fail. For example:

```
select * from test where option = '--name';
```

- You might face UI issues on Google Chrome while using faceted search. We recommend you to use the latest version of Google Chrome (version 71.x or higher).
- Visual Explain for the same query shows different graphs on the **Compose** page and the **Query Details** page.
- While running some queries, if you restart HSI, the query execution is stopped. However, DAS does not reflect this change and the queries appear to be in the same state forever.
- After a fresh installation, when there is no data and you try to access the Reports tab, DAS displays an "HTTP 404 Not Found" error.
- Join count does not get updated for tables with partitioned columns.

## **Known issues in Apache Druid**

This topic describes known issues for using Druid in this release of Cloudera Runtime.

CDPD-14321: When you query Druid from Hive for queries involving filters, unexpected results are displayed.

Workaround: Set the configuration hive optimize point lookup to false.

## **Known Issues in Apache HBase**

This topic describes known issues and workarounds for using HBase in this release of Cloudera Runtime. HBASE-24885: If an operator uses HBCK2 to invoke multiple `assigns` operations against one Region or happens to invoke HBCK2 `assigns` while HBase is re-assigning a Region, it is possible that the Region will be abnormally assigned. For example, unassigned, stuck in transition, and doubly-assigned.

Obtain a fix for this issue. Operators should definitely not schedule multiple assigns for a single Region at the same time, however there is still a potential race condition.

OpDB Data Hub cluster fails to initialize if you are reusing a cloud storage location that was used by an older OpDB Data Hub cluster

Workaround: Stop HBase using Cloudera Manager before deleting an operational database Data Hub cluster.

#### IntegrationTestReplication fails if replication does not finish before the verify phase begins

During IntegrationTestReplication, if the verify phase starts before the replication phase finishes, the test will fail because the target cluster does not contain all of the data. If the HBase services in the target cluster does not have enough memory, long garbage-collection pauses might occur.

Workaround: Use the -t flag to set the timeout value before starting verification.

#### **HDFS** encryption with **HBase**

Cloudera has tested the performance impact of using HDFS encryption with HBase. The overall overhead of HDFS encryption on HBase performance is in the range of 3 to 4% for both read and update workloads. Scan performance has not been thoroughly tested.

Workaround: N/A

### AccessController postOperation problems in asynchronous operations

When security and Access Control are enabled, the following problems occur:

• If a Delete Table fails for a reason other than missing permissions, the access rights are removed but the table may still exist and may be used again.

- If hbaseAdmin.modifyTable() is used to delete column families, the rights are not removed from the Access Control List (ACL) table. The portOperation is implemented only for postDeleteCo lumn().
- If Create Table fails, full rights for that table persist for the user who attempted to create it. If another user later succeeds in creating the table, the user who made the failed attempt still has the full rights.

Workaround: N/A

Apache Issue: HBASE-6992

#### Bulk load is not supported when the source is the local HDFS

The bulk load feature (the completebulkload command) is not supported when the source is the local HDFS and the target is an object store, such as S3/ABFS.

Workaround: Use distcp to move the HFiles from HDFS to S3 and then run bulk load from S3 to S3.

Apache Issue: N/A

#### **Technical Service Bulletins**

# TSB 2021-494: Accumulated WAL Files Cannot be Cleaned up When Using Phoenix Secondary Global Indexes

The Write-ahead-log (WAL) files for Phoenix tables that have secondary global indexes defined on them, cannot be automatically cleaned up by HBase, leading to excess storage usage and possible error due to filling up the storage. Accumulated WAL files can lead to lengthy restart times as they must all be played back to ensure no dataloss occurs on restart. This can have follow-on HDFS impact if the number of WAL files overwhelm HDFS Name Node.

### **Upstream JIRA**

- HBASE-20781
- HBASE-25459
- PHOENIX-5250

#### Knowledge article

For the latest update on this issue see the corresponding Knowledge article: TSB 2021-494: Accumulated WAL Files Cannot be Cleaned up When Using Phoenix Secondary Global Indexes

#### TSB 2021-453: Snapshot and cloned table corruption when original table is deleted

HBASE-25206 can cause data loss either through corrupting an existing hbase snapshot or destroying data that backs a clone of a previous snapshot.

#### **Upstream JIRA**

HBASE-25206

#### Knowledge article

For the latest update on this issue see the corresponding Knowledge article: TSB 2021-453: HBASE-25206 "snapshot and cloned table corruption when original table is deleted".

#### TSB 2021-463: Snapshot and cloned table corruption when original table is deleted

The HDFS short-circuit setting dfs.client.read.shortcircuit is overwritten to disabled by hbase-default.xml. HDFS short-circuit reads bypass access to data in HDFS by using a domain socket (file) instead of a network socket. This alleviates the overhead of TCP to read data from HDFS which can have a meaningful improvement on HBase performance (as high as 30-40%).

Users can restore short-circuit reads by explicitly setting dfs.client.read.shortcircuit in HBase configuration via the configuration management tool for their product (e.g. Cloudera Manager or Ambari).

### Knowledge article

For the latest update on this issue see the corresponding Knowledge article: TSB 2021-463: HBase Performance Issue.

#### TSB 2021-506: Active HBase MOB files can be removed

Actively used MOB files can be deleted by MobFileCleanerChore due to incorrect serialization of reference file names. This is causing data loss on MOB-enabled tables.

#### **Upstream JIRA**

- HBASE-23723
- HBASE-25970

#### Knowledge article

For the latest update on this issue see the corresponding Knowledge article: TSB 2021-506: Active HBase MOB files can be removed

#### TSB 2022-569: HBase normalizer can cause table inconsistencies by merging non-adjacent regions

The normalizer in HBase is a background job responsible for splitting or merging HBase regions to optimize the number of regions and the distribution of the size of the regions in HBase tables. Due to the bug described in HBASE-24376, the normalizer can cause region inconsistencies (region overlaps/holes) by merging non-adjacent regions.

#### **Upstream JIRA**

HBASE-24376

#### Knowledge article

For the latest update on this issue, see the corresponding Knowledge article: TSB 2022-569: HBase normalizer can cause table inconsistencies by merging non-adjacent regions

### **Known Issues in HDFS**

This topic describes known issues and unsupported features for using HDFS in this release of Cloudera Runtime. **OPSAPS-55788: WebHDFS is always enabled. The Enable WebHDFS checkbox does not take effect.** 

None.

### **Unsupported Features**

The following HDFS features are currently not supported in Cloudera Data Platform:

- ACLs for the NFS gateway (HADOOP-11004)
- Aliyun Cloud Connector (HADOOP-12756)
- Allow HDFS block replicas to be provided by an external storage system (HDFS-9806)
- Consistent standby Serving reads (HDFS-12943)
- Cost-Based RPC FairCallQueue (HDFS-14403)
- HDFS Router Based Federation (HDFS-10467)
- More than two NameNodes (HDFS-6440)
- NameNode Federation (HDFS-1052)
- NameNode Port-based Selective Encryption (HDFS-13541)
- Non-Volatile Storage Class Memory (SCM) in HDFS Cache Directives (HDFS-13762)
- OpenStack Swift (HADOOP-8545)
- SFTP FileSystem (HADOOP-5732)
- Storage policy satisfier (HDFS-10285)

#### **Technical Service Bulletins**

TSB 2021-406: CVE-2020-9492 Hadoop filesystem bindings (ie: webhdfs) allows credential stealing

WebHDFS clients might send SPNEGO authorization header to remote URL without proper verification. A maliciously crafted request can trigger services to send server credentials to a webhdfs path (ie: webhdfs://...) for capturing the service principal.

#### Knowledge article

For the latest update on this issue see the corresponding Knowledge article: TSB-2021 406: CVE-2020-9492 Hadoop filesystem bindings (ie: webhdfs) allows credential stealing

## **Known Issues in Apache Hive**

This topic describes known issues and workarounds for using Hive in this release of Cloudera Runtime.

### OPSAPS-54299 Installing Hive on Tez and HMS in the incorrect order causes HiveServer failure

You need to install Hive on Tez and HMS in the correct order; otherwise, HiveServer fails. You need to install additional HiveServer roles to Hive on Tez, not the Hive service; otherwise, HiveServer fails.

Workaround: Follow instructions on Installing Hive on Tez.

#### CDPD-23041: DROP TABLE on a table having an index does not work

If you migrate a Hive table to CDP having an index, DROP TABLE does not drop the table. Hive no longer supports indexes (HIVE-18448). A foreign key constraint on the indexed table prevents dropping the table. Attempting to drop such a table results in the following error:

```
java.sql.BatchUpdateException: Cannot delete or update a parent
row: a foreign key constraint fails ("hive"."IDXS", CONSTRAINT "
IDXS_FK1" FOREIGN KEY ("ORIG_TBL_ID") REFERENCES "TBLS ("TBL_ID"
))
```

There are two workarounds:

- Drop the foreign key "IDXS\_FK1" on the "IDXS" table within the metastore. You can also
  manually drop indexes, but do not cascade any drops because the IDXS table includes references
  to "TBLS".
- Launch an older version of Hive, such as Hive 2.3 that includes IDXS in the DDL, and then drop the indexes as described in Language Manual Indexing.

Apache Issue: Hive-24815

#### CDPD-13636: Hive job fails with OutOfMemory exception in the Azure DE cluster

Workaround: Set the parameter hive.optimize.sort.dynamic.partition.threshold=0. Add this parameter in Cloudera Manager (Hive Service Advanced Configuration Snippet (Safety Valve) for hive-site.xml)

#### ENGESC-2214: Hiveserver2 and HMS service logs are not deleted

Update Hive log4j configurations. Hive -> Configuration -> HiveServer2 Logging Advanced Configuration Snippet (Safety Valve) Hive Metastore -> Configuration -> Hive Metastore Server Logging Advanced Configuration Snippet (Safety Valve) Add the following to the configurations: appender.DRFA.strategy.action.type=DELETE appender.DRFA.strategy.action.basepath=\${log.dir} appender.DRFA.strategy.action.maxdepth=1 appender.DRFA.strategy.action.PathConditions.glob=\${log.file}.\* appender.DRFA.strategy.action.PathConditions.type=IfFileName appender.DRFA.strategy.action.PathConditions.nestedConditions.type=IfAccumulatedFileCount appender.DRFA.strategy.action.PathConditions.nestedConditions.exceeds=same value as appender.DRFA.strategy.max

### HiveServer Web UI displays incorrect data

If you enabled auto-TLS for TLS encryption, the HiveServer2 Web UI does not display the correct data in the following tables: Active Sessions, Open Queries, Last Max n Closed Queries

#### CDPD-11890: Hive on Tez cannot run certain queries on tables stored in encryption zones

This problem occurs when the Hadoop Key Management Server (KMS) connection is SSL-encrypted and a self signed certificate is used. SSLHandshakeException might appear in Hive logs.

Workaround:

Use one of the workarounds:

- Install a self signed SSL certificate into cacerts file on all hosts.
- Copy ssl-client.xml to a directory that is available in all hosts. In Cloudera Manager, in Clusters Hive on Tez Configuration . In Hive Service Advanced Configuration Snippet for hive-site.xml, click +, and add the name tez.aux.uris and valuepath-to-ssl-client.xml.

#### **Technical Service Bulletins**

#### TSB 2021-459: Renaming managed (ACID) table shows empty records

Renaming an ACID (managed) table using ALTER TABLE RENAME causes empty records in the table. Also, the location of the new table after renaming points to the location of the old table before renaming. This can cause correctness issues, for example:

```
create table abc (id int);
insert into abc values (1);
rename table abc to def; create table abc (id int); // should be
empty
insert into abc values (2);
select * from abc; // returns 1 and 2, the new and the old re
sults
```

#### Knowledge article

For the latest update on this issue see the corresponding Knowledge article: TSB 2021-459: Renaming managed (ACID) table shows empty records

#### TSB 2021-480/1: Hive produces incorrect query results when skipping a header in a binary file

In CDP, setting the table property skip.header.line.count to greater than 0 in a table stored in a binary format, such as Parquet, can cause incorrect query results. The skip header property is intended for use with Text files and typically used with CSV files. The issue is not present when you run the query on a Text file that sets the skip header property to 1 or greater.

#### **Upstream JIRA**

Apache Jira: HIVE-24827

#### Knowledge article

For the latest update on this issue see the corresponding Knowledge article: TSB 2021-480.1: Hive produces incorrect query results when skipping a header in a binary file

#### TSB 2021-480/2: Hive ignores the property to skip a header or footer in a compressed file

In CDP, setting the table properties skip.header.line.count and skip.footer.line.count to greater than 0 in a table stored in a compressed format, such as bzip2, can cause incorrect results from SELECT \* or SELECT COUNT (\*) queries.

#### Upstream JIRA

Apache Jira: HIVE-24224

#### **Knowledge article**

For the latest update on this issue see the corresponding Knowledge article: TSB 2021-480.2: Hive ignores the property to skip a header or footer in a compressed file

#### TSB 2021-482: Race condition in subdirectory delete/rename causes hive jobs to fail

Multiple threads try to perform a rename operation on s3. One of the threads fails to perform a rename operation, causing an error. Hive logs will report "HiveException: Error moving ..." and the

log will contain an error line starting with "Exception when loading partition" -all paths listed with s3a:// prefixes.

#### Knowledge article

For the latest update on this issue see the corresponding Knowledge article: TSB 2021-482: Race condition in subdirectory delete/rename causes Hive jobs to fail

#### TSB 2021-501: JOIN queries return wrong result for join keys with large size in Hive

JOIN queries return wrong results when performing joins on large size keys (larger than 255 bytes). This happens when the fast hash table join algorithm is enabled, which is enabled by default.

#### Knowledge article

For the latest update on this issue see the corresponding Knowledge article: TSB 2021-501: JOIN queries return wrong result for join keys with large size in Hive

#### TSB 2021-518: Incorrect results returned when joining two tables with different bucketing versions

Incorrect results are returned when joining two tables with different bucketing versions, and with the following Hive configurations: set hive.auto.convert.join = false and set mapreduce.job.reduces = any custom value.

#### Knowledge article

For the latest update on this issue see the corresponding Knowledge article: TSB 2021-518: Incorrect results returned when joining two tables with different bucketing versions

#### TSB 2021-524: Intermittent data duplication if direct insert enabled

If direct insert is enabled, data is written directly to the final location with an attemptId. At the end of the insert operation, all data written before the final attempt should be deleted. However due to a bug in HIVE-21164, this does not happen.

Example: Data is written to the final location with attemptId=0, but this task fails. Hive tries the task again and writes data to the final location with attemptId=1. At the end of the insert, Hive should remove all the files with attemptId=0, but it does not.

#### **Upstream JIRA**

- HIVE-21164
- HIVE-24322

#### Knowledge article

For the latest update on this issue see the corresponding Knowledge article: TSB 2021-524: Intermittent data duplication if direct insert enabled

#### TSB 2023-627: IN/OR predicate on binary column returns wrong result

An IN or an OR predicate involving a binary datatype column may produce wrong results. The OR predicate is converted to an IN due to the setting hive.optimize.point.lookup which is true by default. Only binary data types are affected by this issue. See <a href="https://issues.apache.org/jira/browse/HIVE-26235">https://issues.apache.org/jira/browse/HIVE-26235</a> for example queries which may be affected.

#### Upstream JIRA

HIVE-26235

#### Knowledge article

For the latest update on this issue, see the corresponding Knowledge article: TSB 2023-627: IN/OR predicate on binary column returns wrong result

#### **Known Issues in Hue**

This topic describes known issues and workarounds for using Hue in this release of Cloudera Runtime.

Downloading Impala query results containing special characters in CSV format fails with ASCII codec error

In CDP, Hue is compatible with Python 2.7.x, but the Tablib library for Hue has been upgraded from 0.10.x to 0.14.x, which is generally used with the Python 3 release. If you try to download Impala query results having special characters in the result set in a CSV format, then the download may fail with the ASCII unicode decode error.

To fix this issue, downgrade the Tablib library to 0.12.x.

- 1. SSH into the Hue server host.
- **2.** Change directory to the following:

```
cd /opt/cloudera/parcels/CDH-7.x/lib/
```

**3.** Back up the hue directory:

```
cp -R hue hue_orginal
```

**4.** Change to the hue directory:

cd hue

**5.** Install the Wheel package using pip:

```
./build/env/bin/pip install wheel
```

The Wheel package is used to avoid recompiling your software during every install.

**6.** Install the Python Setuptools package for Hue as follows:

```
./build/env/bin/pip setuptools==44.1.0
```

7. Install Tablib version 0.12.1 as follows:

```
./build/env/bin/pip install tablib==0.12.1
```

**8.** Go to Cloudera Manager and restart the Hue service.

CDPD-18959: Due to tablib upgrade for Hue in CDP from 0.10.x to 0.14.x release which is generally used for Python3 release, the CSV download has a special character in the dataset which fails with the error message "UnicodeDecodeError: 'ascii' codec can't decode byte 0xef in position 8: ordinal not in range(128)"

Workaround:

- cd /opt/cloudera/parcels/CDH/lib/
- Backup the hue folder cp -R hue hue\_orgi
- cd hue
- · Install python packages via pippip install wheel
- Install python packages for Hue
  - ./build/env/bin/pip install wheel.
  - /build/env/bin/pip setuptools==44.1.0
  - ./build/env/bin/pip install tablib==0.12.1
- · Restart Hue and and check again

#### Impala SELECT table query fails with UTF-8 codec error

Hue cannot handle columns containing non-UTF8 data. As a result, you may see the following error while queying tables from the Impala editor in Hue: 'utf8' codec can't decode byte 0x91 in position 6: invalid start byte.

To resolve this issue, contact Cloudera Support to apply the following software patch: ENGESC-3457.

Impala editor fails silently after SAML SSO session times out

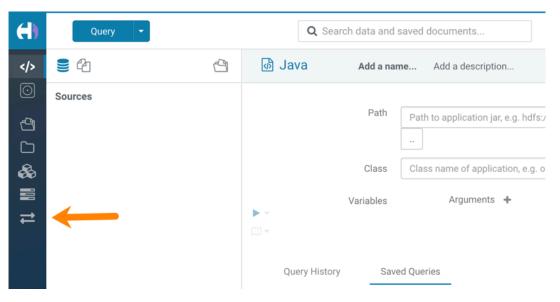
When you run a query from an Impala editor in Hue, the Impala editor may silently fail without displaying an error message. As a result, you may not see any action on the screen after submitting your query. This happens if Hue is configured with SAML authentication and you run a query from a browser session that has remained open for a period longer than the SSO maximum session time set by the SAML Identity Provider.

Workaround: If you do not see any action on the Impala editor after submitting the query, refresh the page on your browser.

#### **Hue Importer is not supported in the Data Engineering template**

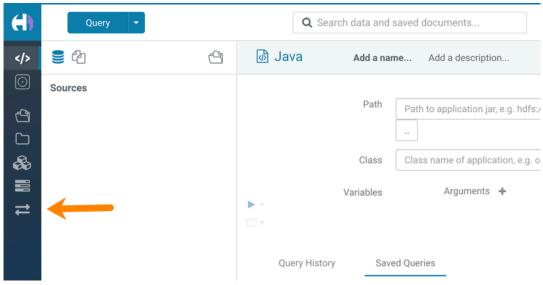
When you create a Data Hub cluster using the Data Engineering template, the Importer application is not supported in Hue.

Figure 1: Hue web UI showing Importer icon on the left assist panel



#### Hue Importer is not supported in the Data Engineering template

When you create a Data Hub cluster using the Data Engineering template, the Importer application is not supported in Hue:



CDPD-3501: Hue-Atlas configuration information is missing on Data Mart clusters.

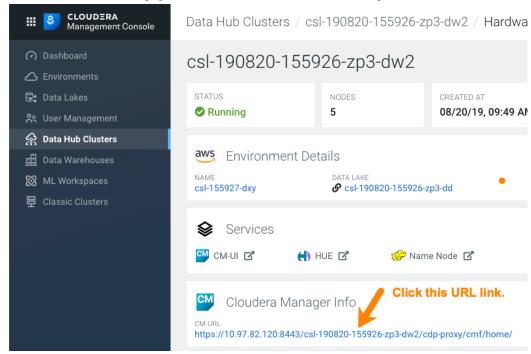
Problem: The configuration file hive-conf%2Fatlas-application.properties is missing on Data Mart clusters because Apache Hive is not installed. This properties file is needed for the Hue integration with Apache Atlas.

#### Workaround:

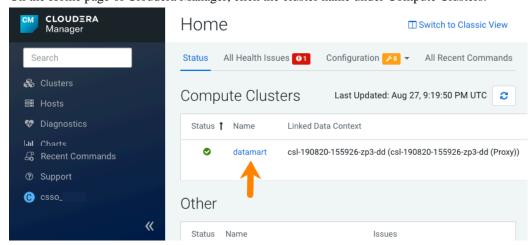


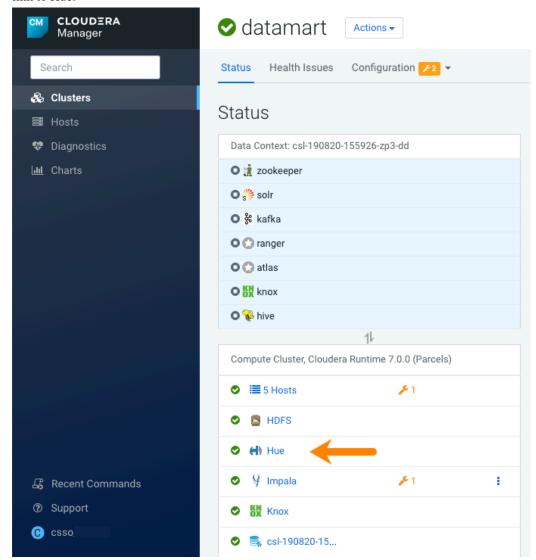
**Note:** To make the following configuration change, you must have administrative permissions on the Data Mart cluster.

- 1. Log in to the CDP web interface and navigate to the Data Hub service.
- 2. On the Data Hub Clusters page, click the Data Mart cluster you want to work on.
- 3. On the Data Mart cluster page, click the URL link to Cloudera Manager Info:



4. On the Home page of Cloudera Manager, click the cluster name under Compute Clusters:





**5.** In the cluster page in the Status column under Compute Cluster, Cloudera Runtime, click the link to Hue:

- **6.** On the Hue page, click the Configuration tab to view the configuration properties for Hue.
- 7. In the search text box, type safety and press Enter to locate the Hue Service Advanced Configuration Snippet (Safety Valve) for hue\_safety\_valve.ini, which appears at the top of the configuration parameters list.
- **8.** Append the following configuration information to the existing configuration information in the Safety Valve and click Save Changes:

```
[metadata]
[[catalog]]
interface=atlas
api_url=http://master0.cloudera.site:21000/api/atlas/
kerberos_enabled=true
```

**9.** Restart the Hue service for the configuration change to take effect.

#### BalancerMember worker hostname too long error

You may see the following error message while starting the Hue Load Balancer:

Cloudera Manager displays this error when you create a Data Hub cluster using the Data Engineering template and the Hue Load Balancer worker node name has exceeded 64 characters. In a CDP Public Cloud deployment, the system automatically generates the Load Balancer worker node name through AWS or Azure.

For example, if you specify cdp-123456-scalecluster as the cluster name, CDP creates cdp-123456-s calecluster-master2.repro-aw.a123-4a5b.example.site as the worker node name.

Workaround: Specify a shorter cluster name while creating a Data Hub cluster so that the final worker node name does not cross 64 characters.

For example, cdp-123456-scale.

#### **Unsupported features**

# Importing and exporting Oozie workflows across clusters and between different CDH versions is not supported

You can export Oozie workflows, schedules, and bundles from Hue and import them only within the same cluster. It is not recommended to use the import-export feature to migrate data between clusters. To migrate data between different versions of CDH, for example from CDH 5 to CDP 7, you must migrate the database and add it to the newly created cluster.

#### **Technical Service Bulletins**

#### TSB 2021-487: Cloudera Hue is vulnerable to Cross-Site Scripting attacks

Multiple Cross-Site Scripting (XSS) vulnerabilities of Cloudera Hue have been found. They allow JavaScript code injection and execution in the application context.

- CVE-2021-29994 The Add Description field in the Table schema browser does not sanitize
  user inputs as expected.
- CVE-2021-32480 Default Home direct button in Filebrowser is also susceptible to XSS attack.
- CVE-2021-32481 The Error snippet dialog of the Hue UI does not sanitize user inputs.

#### Knowledge article

For the latest update on this issue see the corresponding Knowledge article: TSB 2021-487: Cloudera Hue is vulnerable to Cross-Site Scripting attacks (CVE-2021-29994, CVE-2021-32480, CVE-2021-32481)

### **Known Issues in Apache Impala**

This topic describes known issues and workarounds for using Impala in this release of Cloudera Runtime. **Impala known limitation when querying compacted tables** 

When the compaction process deletes the files for a table from the underlying HDFS location, the Impala service does not detect the changes as the compactions does not allocate new write ids. When the same table is queried from Impala it throws a 'File does not exist' exception that looks something like this:

```
Query Status: Disk I/O error on <node>:22000: Failed to open HDF S file hdfs://nameservice1/warehouse/tablespace/managed/hive/<da tabase>//xxxxx
Error(2): No such file or directory Root cause: RemoteException: File does not exist: /warehouse/tablespace/managed/hive/<data base>//xxxx
```

Use the REFRESH/INVALIDATE statements on the affected table to overcome the 'File does not exist' exception.

#### Queries stuck on failed HDFS calls and not timing out

In Impala 3.2 and higher, if the following error appears multiple times in a short duration while running a query, it would mean that the connection between the impalad and the HDFS NameNode is in a bad state.

```
"hdfsOpenFile() for <filename> at backend <hostname:port> failed
to finish before the <hdfs_operation_timeout_sec> second timeout
"
```

In Impala 3.1 and lower, the same issue would cause Impala to wait for a long time or not respond without showing the above error message.

Workaround: Restart the impalad. Apache JIRA: HADOOP-15720

#### Impala should tolerate bad locale settings

If the LC\_\* environment variables specify an unsupported locale, Impala does not start.

Workaround: Add LC\_ALL="C" to the environment settings for both the Impala daemon and the Statestore daemon.

Apache JIRA: IMPALA-532

#### Configuration to prevent crashes caused by thread resource limits

Impala could encounter a serious error due to resource usage under very high concurrency. The error message is similar to:

```
F0629 08:20:02.956413 29088 llvm-codegen.cc:111] LLVM hit fatal error: Unable to allocate section memory! terminate called after throwing an instance of 'boost::exception_detail::clone_impl<br/>boost::exception_detail::error_info_injector<br/>boost::thread_resource_error> >'
```

Workaround: To prevent such errors, configure each host running an impalad daemon with the following settings:

```
echo 2000000 > /proc/sys/kernel/threads-max
echo 2000000 > /proc/sys/kernel/pid_max
echo 8000000 > /proc/sys/vm/max_map_count
```

Add the following lines in /etc/security/limits.conf:

```
impala soft nproc 262144
impala hard nproc 262144
```

Apache JIRA: IMPALA-5605

#### Avro Scanner fails to parse some schemas

The default value in Avro schema must match type of first union type, e.g. if the default value is null, then the first type in the UNION must be "null".

Workaround: Swap the order of the fields in the schema specification. For example, use ["null", "st ring"] instead of ["string", "null"]. Note that the files written with the problematic schema must be rewritten with the new schema because Avro files have embedded schemas.

Apache JIRA: IMPALA-635

#### Process mem limit does not account for the JVM's memory usage

Some memory allocated by the JVM used internally by Impala is not counted against the memory limit for the impalad daemon.

Workaround: To monitor overall memory usage, use the top command, or add the memory figures in the Impala web UI /memz tab to JVM memory usage shown on the /metrics tab.

Apache JIRA: IMPALA-691

#### Ranger audit logs for applying column masking policies missing

Impala is not producing these logs.

Workaround: None.

Apache JIRA: IMPALA-9350

#### Impala BE cannot parse Avro schema that contains a trailing semi-colon

If an Avro table has a schema definition with a trailing semicolon, Impala encounters an error when the table is queried.

Workaround: Remove trailing semicolon from the Avro schema.

Apache JIRA: IMPALA-1024

#### Incorrect results with basic predicate on CHAR typed column

When comparing a CHAR column value to a string literal, the literal value is not blank-padded and so the comparison might fail when it should match.

Workaround: Use the RPAD() function to blank-pad literals compared with CHAR columns to the expected length.

Apache JIRA: IMPALA-1652

# ImpalaODBC: Can not get the value in the SQLGetData(m-x th column) after the SQLBindCol(m th column)

If the ODBC SQLGetData is called on a series of columns, the function calls must follow the same order as the columns. For example, if data is fetched from column 2 then column 1, the SQLGetDa ta call for column 1 returns NULL.

Workaround: Fetch columns in the same order they are defined in the table.

Apache JIRA: IMPALA-1792

#### Casting scenarios with invalid/inconsistent results

Using a CAST() function to convert large literal values to smaller types, or to convert special values such as NaN or Inf, produces values not consistent with other database systems. This could lead to unexpected results from queries.

Apache JIRA: IMPALA-1821

#### A failed CTAS does not drop the table if the insert fails

If a CREATE TABLE AS SELECT operation successfully creates the target table but an error occurs while querying the source table or copying the data, the new table is left behind rather than being dropped.

Workaround: Drop the new table manually after a failed CREATE TABLE AS SELECT

Apache JIRA: IMPALA-2005

#### % escaping does not work correctly when occurs at the end in a LIKE clause

If the final character in the RHS argument of a LIKE operator is an escaped \% character, it does not match a % final character of the LHS argument.

Apache JIRA: IMPALA-2422

#### Crash: impala::Coordinator::ValidateCollectionSlots

A query could encounter a serious error if includes multiple nested levels of INNER JOIN clauses involving subqueries.

Apache JIRA: IMPALA-2603

#### Incorrect result due to constant evaluation in query with outer join

Workaround: An OUTER JOIN query could omit some expected result rows due to a constant such as FALSE in another join clause. For example:

Apache JIRA: IMPALA-3094

#### Breakpad minidumps can be very large when the thread count is high

The size of the breakpad minidump files grows linearly with the number of threads. By default, each thread adds 8 KB to the minidump size. Minidump files could consume significant disk space when the daemons have a high number of threads.

Workaround: Add -\-minidump\_size\_limit\_hint\_kb=size to set a soft upper limit on the size of each minidump file. If the minidump file would exceed that limit, Impala reduces the amount of information for each thread from 8 KB to 2 KB. (Full thread information is captured for the first 20 threads, then 2 KB per thread after that.) The minidump file can still grow larger than the "hinted" size. For example, if you have 10,000 threads, the minidump file can be more than 20 MB.

Apache JIRA: IMPALA-3509

#### Impala requires FQDN from hostname command on Kerberized clusters

The method Impala uses to retrieve the host name while constructing the Kerberos principal is the gethostname() system call. This function might not always return the fully qualified domain name, depending on the network configuration. If the daemons cannot determine the FQDN, Impala does not start on a Kerberized cluster.

Workaround: Test if a host is affected by checking whether the output of the hostname command includes the FQDN. On hosts where hostname, only returns the short name, pass the command-line flag ##hostname=FULLY\_QUALIFIED\_DOMAIN\_NAME in the startup options of all Impalarelated daemons.

Apache JIRA: IMPALA-4978

#### Metadata operations block read-only operations on unrelated tables

Metadata operations that change the state of a table, like COMPUTE STATS or ALTER RE COVER PARTITIONS, may delay metadata propagation of unrelated unloaded tables triggered by statements like DESCRIBE or SELECT queries.

Workaround:

Apache JIRA: IMPALA-6671

#### Impala does not support Heimdal Kerberos

Apache JIRA: IMPALA-7072

#### CDPD-28139: Set spark.hadoop.hive.stats.autogather to false by default

As an Impala user, if you submit a query against a table containing data ingested using Spark and you are concerned about the quality of the query plan, you must run COMPUTE STATS against such a table in any case after an ETL operation because numRows created by Spark could be incorrect. Also, use other stats computed by COMPUTE STATS, e.g., Number of Distinct Values (NDV) and NULL count for good selectivity estimates.

For example, when a user ingests data from a file into a partition of an existing table using Spark, if spark.hadoop.hive.stats.autogather is not set to false explicitly, numRows associated with this partition would be 0 even though there is at least one row in the file. To avoid this, the workaround is to set "spark.hadoop.hive.stats.autogather=false" in the "Spark Client Advanced Configuration Snippet (Safety Valve) for spark-conf/spark-defaults.conf" in Spark's CM Configuration section.

#### **Technical Service Bulletins**

#### TSB-2021-485: Impala returns fewer rows from parquet tables on S3

IMPALA-10310 was an issue in Impala's Parquet page filtering code where the scanner did not reset state appropriately when transitioning from the first row group to subsequent row groups in a single split. This caused data from the subsequent row groups to be skipped incorrectly, leading to incorrect query results. This issue cannot occur when the Parquet page filtering is disabled by setting PARQUET\_READ\_PAGE\_INDEX=false.

The issue is more likely to be encountered on S3/ADLS/ABFS/etc, because Spark is sometimes configured to write 128MB row groups and the PARQUET\_OBJECT\_STORE\_SPLIT\_SIZE is 256MB. This makes it more likely for Impala to process two row groups in a single split.

Parquet page filtering only works based on the min/max statistics, therefore the comparison operators it supports are "=", "<", "<=", and ">=". These operators are impacted by this bug. Expressions such as "!=", 'LIKE' or the expressions including UDF do not use parquet page filtering.

The PARQUET\_OBJECT\_STORE\_SPLIT\_SIZE parameter is introduced in Impala 3.3 by IMPALA-5843. This means that older versions of Impala do not have this issue.

#### **Upstream JIRA**

- IMPALA-5843
- IMPALA-10310

#### Knowledge article

For the latest update on this issue see the corresponding Knowledge article: TSB 2021-485: Impala returns fewer rows from parquet tables on S3

#### TSB 2021-502: Impala logs the session / operation secret on most RPCs at INFO level

Impala logs contain the session / operation secret. With this information a person who has access to the Impala logs might be able to hijack other users' sessions. This means the attacker is able to execute statements for which they do not have the necessary privileges otherwise. Impala deployments where Apache Sentry or Apache Ranger authorization is enabled may be vulnerable to privilege escalation. Impala deployments where audit logging is enabled may be vulnerable to incorrect audit logging.

Restricting access to the Impala logs that expose secrets will reduce the risk of an attack. Additionally, restricting access to trusted users for the Impala deployment will also reduce the risk of an attack. Log reduction techniques can be used to reduct secrets from the logs. For more information, see the *Cloudera Manager documentation*.

For log redaction, users can create a rule with a search pattern: secret \((string\) [=:].\*And the replacement could be for example: secret=LOG-REDACTED

#### **Upstream JIRA**

**IMPALA-10600** 

#### **Knowledge article**

For the latest update on this issue see the corresponding Knowledge article: TSB 2021-502: Impala logs the session / operation secret on most RPCs at INFO level

# TSB 2021-479: Impala can return incomplete results through JDBC and ODBC clients in all CDP offerings

In CDP, we introduced a timeout on queries to Impala defaulting to 10 seconds. The timeout setting is called FETCH\_ROWS\_TIMEOUT\_MS. Due to this setting, JDBC, ODBC, and Beeswax clients running Impala queries believe the data returned at 10 seconds is a complete dataset and present it as the final output. However, in cases where there are still results to return after this timeout has passed, when the driver closes the connection, based on the timeout, it results in a scenario where the query results are incomplete.

#### **Upstream JIRA**

IMPALA-7561

#### TSB 2022-543: Impala query with predicate on analytic function may produce incorrect results

Apache Impala may produce incorrect results for a query which has all of the following conditions:

- There are two or more analytic functions (for example, row\_number()) in an inline view
- Some of the functions have partition-by expression while the others do not
- There is a predicate on the inline view's output expression corresponding to the analytic function

#### **Upstream JIRA**

IMPALA-11030

#### Knowledge article

For the latest update on this issue, see the corresponding Knowledge article: TSB 2022-543: Impala query with predicate on analytic function may produce incorrect results

### **Known Issues in Apache Kafka**

This topic describes known issues, unsupported features and limitations for using Kafka in this release of Cloudera Runtime.

#### **Known Issues**

#### OPSAPS-59553: SMM's bootstrap server config should be updated based on Kafka's listeners

SMM does not show any metrics for Kafka or Kafka Connect when multiple listeners are set in Kafka.

Workaround: SMM cannot identify multiple listeners and still points to bootstrap server using the default broker port (9093 for SASL\_SSL). You would have to override bootstrap server URL (hostname:port as set in the listeners for broker) in the following path:

Cloudera Manager > SMM > Configuration > Streams Messaging Manager Rest Admin Server Advanced Configuration Snippet (Safety Valve) for streams-messaging-manager.yaml > Save Changes > Restart SMM.

# Topics created with the kafka-topics tool are only accessible by the user who created them when the deprecated --zookeeper option is used

By default all created topics are secured. However, when topic creation and deletion is done with the kafka-topics tool using the --zookeeper option, the tool talks directly to Zookeeper. Because security is the responsibility of ZooKeeper authorization and authentication, Kafka cannot prevent users from making ZooKeeper changes. As a result, if the --zookeeper option is used, only the user who created the topic will be able to carry out administrative actions on it. In this scenario Kafka will not have permissions to perform tasks on topics created this way.

Workaround: Use kafka-topics with the --bootstrap-server option that does not require direct access to Zookeeper.

#### Certain Kafka command line tools require direct access to Zookeeper

The following command line tools talk directly to ZooKeeper and therefore are not secured via Kafka:

- · kafka-configs
- · kafka-reassign-partitions

Workaround: None.

#### The offsets.topic.replication.factor property must be less than or equal to the number of live brokers

The offsets.topic.replication.factor broker configuration is now enforced upon auto topic creation. Internal auto topic creation will fail with a GROUP\_COORDINATOR\_NOT\_AVAILABLE error until the cluster size meets this replication factor requirement.

Workaround: None.

#### Requests fail when sending to a nonexistent topic with auto.create.topics.enable set to true

The first few produce requests fail when sending to a nonexistent topic with auto.create.topics.e nable set to true.

Workaround: Increase the number of retries in the producer configuration setting retries.

#### Custom Kerberos principal names cannot be used for kerberized ZooKeeper and Kafka instances

When using ZooKeeper authentication and a custom Kerberos principal, Kerberos-enabled Kafka does not start. You must disable ZooKeeper authentication for Kafka or use the default Kerberos principals for ZooKeeper and Kafka.

Workaround: None.

#### Performance degradation when SSL Is enabled

In some configuration scenarios, significant performance degradation can occur when SSL is enabled. The impact varies depending on your CPU, JVM version, Kafka configuration, and message size. Consumers are typically more affected than producers.

Workaround: Configure brokers and clients with ssl.secure.random.implementation = SHA1PRNG. It often reduces this degradation drastically, but its effect is CPU and JVM dependent.

Apache JIRA: KAFKA-2561

#### OPSAPS-43236: Kafka garbage collection logs are written to the process directory

By default Kafka garbage collection logs are written to the agent process directory. Changing the default path for these log files is currently unsupported.

Workaround: None.

#### OPSAPS-57907: The Kafka metric collector adapter generates high CPU load

If a large number of topic partitions are created on a cluster, the Cloudera Manager Agent can generate a high CPU load. This is caused by the Kafka metric collector adapter carrying out excessive regex matching.

Workaround: None.

# OPSAPS-59031: Kafka cannot start if configuration is added to the Kafka Broker Advanced Configuration Snippet (Safety Valve) for ssl.properties

The Kafka Broker Advanced Configuration Snippet (Safety Valve) for ssl.properties configuration snippet does not correctly override configuration. As a result, Kafka may not start if TLS/SSL related configuration overrides are added to the this configuration snippet.

Workaround: Use the Kafka Broker Advanced Configuration Snippet (Safety Valve) for kafka.properties configuration snippet instead to override SSL related properties.

#### **Unsupported Features**

The following Kafka features are not supported in Cloudera Data Platform:

- Only Java based clients are supported. Clients developed with C, C++, Python, .NET and other languages are currently not supported.
- While Kafka Connect is available as part of Runtime, it is currently not supported in CDP Public Cloud. NiFi is a proven solution for batch and real time data loading that complement Kafka's message broker capability. For more information, see Creating your first Flow Management cluster.
- The Kafka default authorizer is not supported. This includes setting ACLs and all related APIs, broker functionality, and command-line tools.

#### Limitations

#### Collection of Partition Level Metrics May Cause Cloudera Manager's Performance to Degrade

If the Kafka service operates with a large number of partitions, collection of partition level metrics may cause Cloudera Manager's performance to degrade.

If you are observing performance degradation and your cluster is operating with a high number of partitions, you can choose to disable the collection of partition level metrics.



**Important:** If you are using SMM to monitor Kafka or Cruise Control for rebalancing Kafka partitions, be aware that both SMM and Cruise Control rely on partition level metrics. If partition level metric collection is disabled, SMM will not be able to display information about partitions. In addition, Cruise Control will not operate properly.

Complete the following steps to turn off the collection of partition level metrics:

- 1. Obtain the Kafka service name:
  - a. In Cloudera Manager, Select the Kafka service.
  - **b.** Select any available chart, and select Open in Chart Builder from the configuration icon drop-down.
  - **c.** Find \$SERVICENAME= near the top of the display.

The Kafka service name is the value of \$SERVICENAME.

- **2.** Turn off the collection of partition level metrics:
  - a. Go to HostsHosts Configuration.
  - **b.** Find and configure the Cloudera Manager Agent Monitoring Advanced Configuration Snippet (Safety Valve) configuration property.

Enter the following to turn off the collection of partition level metrics:

```
[KAFKA_SERVICE_NAME]_feature_send_broker_topic_partition_entity_update_enabled=false
```

Replace [KAFKA\_SERVICE\_NAME] with the service name of Kafka obtained in step 1. The service name should always be in lower case.

c. Click Save Changes.

### **Known Issues in Kerberos**

Learn about the known issues in Kerberos, the impact or changes to the functionality, and the workaround. OPSAPS-60331: If Cloudera Manager is configured to use Active Directory as a Kerberos KDC, and is also configured to use /etc/cloudera-scm-server/cmf.keytab as the KDC admin credentials, you may encounter errors when generating Kerberos credentials.

In the Cloudera Manager Admin Console, run the "Administration > Security > Kerberos Credentials > Import KDC Account Manager Credentials" wizard. Remove /etc/cloudera-scm-server/cmf.keytab on the Cloudera Manager server host.

### **Known Issues in Apache Knox**

This topic describes known issues and workarounds for using Knox in this release of Cloudera Runtime.

#### CDPD-3125: Logging out of Atlas does not manage the external authentication

At this time, Atlas does not communicate a log-out event with the external authentication management, Apache Knox. When you log out of Atlas, you can still open the instance of Atlas from the same web browser without re-authentication.

Workaround: To prevent additional access to Atlas, close all browser windows and exit the browser.

#### **Technical Service Bulletins**

#### TSB 2022-553: DOM based XSS Vulnerability in Apache Knox

When using Knox Single Sign On (SSO) in the affected releases, a request could be crafted to redirect a user to a malicious page due to improper URL parsing. The request includes a specially crafted request parameter that could be used to redirect the user to a page controlled by an attacker. This request URL would need to be presented to the user outside the normal request flow through a XSS or phishing campaign.

#### Knowledge article

For the latest update on this issue see the corresponding Knowledge article: TSB 2022-553: DOM based XSS Vulnerability in Apache Knox ("Knox")

### Known Issues in Apache Kudu

This topic describes known issues and workarounds for using Kudu in this release of Cloudera Runtime.

- Kudu supports only coarse-grain authorization. Kudu does not yet support integration with Atlas.
- Kudu HMS Sync is disabled and is not yet supported

### **Known Issues in Apache Oozie**

This topic describes known issues and unsupported features for using Oozie in this release of Cloudera Runtime. Oozie jobs fail (gracefully) on secure YARN clusters when JobHistory server is down

If the JobHistory server is down on a YARN (MRv2) cluster, Oozie attempts to submit a job, by default, three times. If the job fails, Oozie automatically puts the workflow in a SUSPEND state.

Workaround: When the JobHistory server is running again, use the resume command to inform Oozie to continue the workflow from the point at which it left off.

#### **Unsupported Feature**

The following Oozie features are currently not supported in Cloudera Data Platform:

- Non-support for Pig action (CDPD-1070)
- Conditional coordinator input logic

Cloudera does not support using Derby database with Oozie. You can use it for testing or debugging purposes, but Cloudera does not recommend using it in production environments. This could cause failures while upgrading from CDH to CDP.

#### BUG-123856: Upgrade fails while configuring Oozie server.

Workaround: None

#### **Technical Service Bulletins**

#### TSB 2021-467: Race condition in Apache Oozie Sharelib upload

There is a race condition in Apache Oozie OozieSharelibCLI which allows a malicious attacker to replace the files in Oozie's sharelib during its creation. A race condition in OozieSharelibCLI allows an attacker to replace the contents of the sharelib.

#### Knowledge article

For the latest update on this issue see the corresponding Knowledge article: TSB 2021-467: Race condition in Apache Oozie Sharelib upload

### Known Issues in Apache Ranger

This topic describes known issues and workarounds for using Ranger in this release of Cloudera Runtime. CDPD-3296: Audit files for Ranger plugin components do not appear immediately in S3 after cluster creation

For Ranger plugin components (Atlas, Hive, HBase, etc.), audit data is updated when the applicable audit file is rolled over. The default Ranger audit rollover time is 24 hours, so audit data appears 24 hours after cluster creation.

#### Workaround:

To see the audit logs in S3 before the default rollover time of 24 hours, use the following steps to override the default value in the Cloudera Manager safety valve for the applicable service.

- 1. On the Configuration tab in the applicable service, select Advanced under CATEGORY.
- **2.** Click the + icon for the <service\_name> Advanced Configuration Snippet (Safety Valve) for ranger-<service\_name>-audit.xml property.
- **3.** Enter the following property in the Name box:
  - xasecure.audit.destination.hdfs.file.rollover.sec.
- **4.** Enter the desired rollover interval (in seconds) in the Value box. For example, if you specify 180, the audit log data is updated every 3 minutes.
- 5. Click Save Changes and restart the service.

#### CDPD-12644 Ranger Key Names cannot be reused with the Ranger KMS KTS service

Key names cannot be reused with the Ranger KMS KTS service. If the key name of a delete key is reused, the new key can be successfully created and used to create an encryption zone, but data cannot be written to that encryption zone.

Workaround:

Use only unique key names when creating keys.

### **Known Issues in Schema Registry**

This topic describes known issues, unsupported features and limitations for using Schema Registry in this release of Cloudera Runtime.

There are no known issues for Schema Registry in this release of Cloudera Runtime.

#### **Known Issues in Cloudera Search**

This topic describes known issues and unsupported features for using Cloudera Search in this release of Cloudera Runtime.

#### **Known Issues**

#### Cloudera Bug ID:

CDPD-20577

#### **Summary:**

Splitshard of HDFS index checks local filesystem and fails

#### **Description:**

When performing a shard split on an index that is stored on HDFS, SplitShardCmd still evaluates free disk space on the local file system of the server where Solr is installed. This may cause the command to fail, perceiving that there is no adequate disk space to perform the shard split.

#### Workaround:

None

#### Cloudera Bug ID:

OPSAPS-58059

#### **Summary:**

Solr log rotation counts the number of retained log files daily instead of globally

#### **Description:**

With CDP 7.1.1, Search moved to Log4Jv2. This has affected Solr log rotation behavior in an unwanted way. With the default configuration, Solr log file names include a date and a running index, for example: solr-cmf-solr-SOLR\_SERVER-solrserver-1.my.corporation.com.log.out.20 20-08-31-9. The number of retained log files is configured in Cloudera Manager, however the configured number now applies for each day, instead of applying globally for all log files of the particular server.

#### Workaround:

Using Cloudera Manager, edit the Solr Server Logging Advanced Configuration Snippet (Safety Valve) property of your Solr service and add a new line containing: appender.DRFA.filePattern=\${ log.dir}/\${log.file}.%i

#### Cloudera Bug ID:

DOCS-5717

#### **Summary:**

Lucene index handling limitation

#### **Description:**

The Lucene index can only be upgraded by one major version. Solr 8 will not open an index that was created with Solr 6 or earlier.

#### Workaround:

There is no workaround, you need to reindex collections.

#### Cloudera Bug ID:

CDH-82042

#### **Summary:**

Solr service with no added collections causes the upgrade process to fail

#### **Description:**

Upgrade fails while performing the bootstrap collections step of the solr-upgrade.sh script with the error message:

Failed to execute command Bootstrap Solr Collections on service  $\operatorname{Solr}$ 

if there are no collections present in Solr.

#### Workaround:

If there are no collections added to it, remove the Solr service from your cluster before you start the upgrade.

#### Cloudera Bug ID:

CDH-34050

#### **Summary:**

Collection Creation No Longer Supports Automatically Selecting A Configuration If Only One Exists

#### **Description:**

Before CDH 5.5.0, a collection could be created without specifying a configuration. If no -c value was specified, then:

- If there was only one configuration, that configuration was chosen.
- If the collection name matched a configuration name, that configuration was chosen.

Search now includes multiple built-in configurations. As a result, there is no longer a case in which only one configuration can be chosen by default.

#### Workaround:

Explicitly specify the collection configuration to use by passing -c < configName> to solrctl coll ection --create.

#### Cloudera Bug ID:

CDH-22190

#### **Summary:**

CrunchIndexerTool which includes Spark indexer requires specific input file format specifications

#### **Description:**

If the --input-file-format option is specified with CrunchIndexerTool, then its argument must be text, avro, or avroParquet, rather than a fully qualified class name.

#### Workaround:

None.

#### Cloudera Bug ID:

CDH-19923

#### **Summary:**

The quickstart.sh file does not validate ZooKeeper and the NameNode on some operating systems

#### **Description:**

The quickstart.sh file uses the timeout function to determine if ZooKeeper and the NameNode are available. To ensure this check can be complete as intended, the quickstart.sh determines if the operating system on which the script is running supports timeout. If the script detects that the operating system does not support timeout, the script continues without checking if the NameNode and ZooKeeper are available. If your environment is configured properly or you are using an operating system that supports timeout, this issue does not apply.

#### Workaround:

This issue only occurs in some operating systems. If timeout is not available, the quickstart continues and final validation is always done by the MapReduce jobs and Solr commands that are run by the quickstart.

#### Cloudera Bug ID:

CDH-26856

#### **Summary:**

Field value class guessing and Automatic schema field addition are not supported with the MapReduceIndexerTool nor with the HBaseMapReduceIndexerTool

#### **Description:**

The MapReduceIndexerTool and the HBaseMapReduceIndexerTool can be used with a Managed Schema created via NRT indexing of documents or via the Solr Schema API. However, neither tool supports adding fields automatically to the schema during ingest.

#### Workaround:

Define the schema before running the MapReduceIndexerTool or HBaseMapReduceIndexerTool. In non-schemaless mode, define in the schema using the schema.xml file. In schemaless mode, either define the schema using the Solr Schema API or index sample documents using NRT indexing before invoking the tools. In either case, Cloudera recommends that you verify that the schema is what you expect, using the List Fields API command.

#### Cloudera Bug ID:

CDH-19407

#### **Summary:**

The Browse and Spell Request Handlers are not enabled in schemaless mode

#### **Description:**

The Browse and Spell Request Handlers require certain fields to be present in the schema. Since those fields cannot be guaranteed to exist in a Schemaless setup, the Browse and Spell Request Handlers are not enabled by default.

#### Workaround:

If you require the Browse and Spell Request Handlers, add them to the solrconfig.xml configuration file. Generate a non-schemaless configuration to see the usual settings and modify the required fields to fit your schema.

#### Cloudera Bug ID:

CDH-17978

#### **Summary:**

Enabling blockcache writing may result in unusable indexes

#### **Description:**

It is possible to create indexes with solr.hdfs.blockcache.write.enabled set to true. Such indexes may appear corrupt to readers, and reading these indexes may irrecoverably corrupt indexes. Blockcache writing is disabled by default.

#### Workaround:

None.

#### Cloudera Bug ID:

CDH-58276

#### **Summary:**

Users with insufficient Solr permissions may receive a "Page Loading" message from the Solr Web Admin UI

#### **Description:**

Users who are not authorized to use the Solr Admin UI are not given a page explaining that access is denied to them, instead receive a web page that never finishes loading.

#### Workaround:

None.

#### Cloudera Bug ID:

CDH-15441

#### **Sumary:**

Using MapReduceIndexerTool or HBaseMapReduceIndexerTool multiple times may produce duplicate entries in a collection

#### **Description:**

Repeatedly running the MapReduceIndexerTool on the same set of input files can result in duplicate entries in the Solr collection. This occurs because the tool can only insert documents and cannot update or delete existing Solr documents. This issue does not apply to the HBaseMapReduceIndexerTool unless it is run with more than zero reducers.

#### Workaround:

To avoid this issue, use HBaseMapReduceIndexerTool with zero reducers. This must be done without Kerberos.

#### Cloudera Bug ID:

CDH-58694

#### **Summary:**

Deleting collections might fail if hosts are unavailable

#### **Description:**

It is possible to delete a collection when hosts that host some of the collection are unavailable. After such a deletion, if the previously unavailable hosts are brought back online, the deleted collection may be restored.

#### Workaround:

Ensure all hosts are online before deleting collections.

#### **Unsupported Features**

The following Solr features are currently not supported in Cloudera Data Platform:

- Package Management System
- HTTP/2
- Solr SQL/JDBC
- · Graph Traversal
- Cross Data Center Replication (CDCR)
- SolrCloud Autoscaling
- HDFS Federation
- · Saving search results
- Solr contrib modules (Spark, MapReduce and Lily HBase indexers are not contrib modules but part of the Cloudera Search product itself, therefore they are supported).

#### Limitations

#### Default Solr core names cannot be changed

Although it is technically possible to give user-defined Solr core names during core creation, it is to be avoided in te context of Cloudera Search. Cloudera Manager expects core names in the default "collection\_shardX\_replicaY" format. Altering core names results in Cloudera Manager being unable to fetch Solr metrics for the given core and this, eventually, may corrupt data collection for co-located core, or even shard and server level charts.

### **Known Issues in Apache Solr**

This topic describes known issues and workarounds for using Solr in this release of Cloudera Runtime.

#### **Technical Service Bulletins**

#### TSB 2022-535: Ranger audit retention settings in Solr are not honored

The audits present in the ranger\_audits collection in the Solr service of Data Lake do not get deleted based on the retention period set. The default retention period is 90 days.

This is caused by the incorrect order of processors in the configuration (solrconfig.xml) used by the ranger\_audits collection.

#### Knowledge article

For the latest update on this issue see the corresponding Knowledge article: TSB 2021-535: Ranger audit retention settings in Solr are not honored.

#### TSB 2021-497: CVE-2021-27905: Apache Solr SSRF vulnerability with the Replication handler

The Apache Solr ReplicationHandler (normally registered at "/replication" under a Solr core) has a "masterUrl" (also "leaderUrl" alias) parameter. The "masterUrl" parameter is used to designate another ReplicationHandler on another Solr core to replicate index data into the local core. To help prevent the CVE-2021-27905 SSRF vulnerability, Solr should check these parameters against a similar configuration used for the "shards" parameter.

#### Knowledge article

For the latest update on this issue see the corresponding Knowledge article: TSB 2021-497: CVE-2021-27905: Apache Solr SSRF vulnerability with the Replication handler

### **Known Issues in Apache Spark**

This topic describes known issues and workarounds for using Spark in this release of Cloudera Runtime.

# CDPD-22670 and CDPD-23103: There are two configurations in Spark, "Atlas dependency" and "spark\_lineage\_enabled", which are conflicted. The issue is when Atlas dependency is turned off but spark\_lineage\_enabled is turned on.

Run Spark application, Spark will log some error message and cannot continue. That can be restored by correcting the configurations and restarting Spark component with distributing client configurations.

#### CDPD-217: HBase/Spark connectors are not supported

The *Apache HBase Spark Connector* (hbase-connectors/spark) and the *Apache Spark - Apache HBase Connector* (shc) are not supported in the initial CDP release.

Workaround: None

#### CDPD-3038: Launching pyspark displays several HiveConf warning messages

When pyspark starts, several Hive configuration warning messages are displayed, similar to the following:

```
19/08/09 11:48:04 WARN conf.HiveConf: HiveConf of name hive.vect orized.use.checked.expressions does not exist 19/08/09 11:48:04 WARN conf.HiveConf: HiveConf of name hive.te z.cartesian-product.enabled does not exist
```

Workaround: These errors can be safely ignored.

#### CDPD-2650: Spark cannot write ZSTD and LZ4 compressed Parquet to dynamically partitioned tables

Workaround: Use a different compression algorithm.

#### CDPD-3293: Cannot create views (CREATE VIEW statement) from Spark

Apache Ranger in CDP disallows Spark users from running CREATE VIEW statements.

Workaround: Create the view using Hive or Impala.

#### CDPD-3783: Cannot create databases from Spark

Attempting to create a database using Spark results in an error similar to the following:

Workaround: Create the database using Hive or Impala, or specify the external data warehouse location in the create command. For example:

```
sql("create database spark_database location '/warehouse/tablesp
ace/external/hive/spark_database.db'")
```

#### **Technical Service Bulletins**

#### TSB 2021-441: CDP Powered by Apache Spark may incorrectly read/write pre-Gregorian timestamps

Spark may incorrectly read or write TIMESTAMP data for values before the start of the Gregorian calendar ('1582-10-15 00:00:00:00.0'). This could happen when Spark is:

- Using dynamic partition inserts
- Reading or writing from an ORC table when the:
  - spark.sql.hive.convertMetastoreOrc property is set to false. Its default value is true.
  - spark.sql.hive.convertMetastoreOrc property is set to true but the spark.sql.orc.impl property
    is set to hive. Its default is native.

- Reading or writing from a Parquet table when the:
  - spark.sql.hive.convertMetastoreParquet property is set to false. Its default value is true.

#### Knowledge article

For the latest update on this issue see the corresponding Knowledge article: TSB 2021-441: Spark may incorrectly read/write pre-Gregorian timestamps

### **Known Issues for Apache Sqoop**

Learn about the known issues in Sqoop, the impact or changes to the functionality, and the workaround. **Using direct mode causes problems** 

Using direct mode has several drawbacks:

- Imports can cause intermittent an overlapping input split.
- Imports can generate duplicate data.
- Many problems, such as intermittent failures, can occur.
- · Additional configuration is required.

Stop using direct mode. Do not use the --direct option in Sqoop import or export commands.

#### Avro, S3, and HCat do not work together properly

Problem: Importing an Avro file into S3 with HCat fails with Delegation Token not available.

CDPD-3089

#### Parquet columns inadvertently renamed

Problem: Column names that start with a number are renamed when you use the --as-parquetfile option to import data.

Workaround: Prepend column names in Parquet tables with one or more letters or underscore characters.

Apache JIRA: None

#### Importing Parquet files might cause out-of-memory (OOM) errors

Problem: Importing multiple megabytes per row before initial-page-run check (ColumnWriter) can cause OOM. Also, rows that vary significantly by size so that the next-page-size check is based on small rows, and is set very high, followed by many large rows can also cause OOM.

PARQUET-99

### **Known issues in Streams Messaging Manager**

This topic describes known issues and workarounds for using Streams Messaging Manager in this release of Cloudera Runtime.

#### OPSAPS-59553: SMM's bootstrap server config should be updated based on Kafka's listeners

SMM does not show any metrics for Kafka or Kafka Connect when multiple listeners are set in Kafka.

Workaround: SMM cannot identify multiple listeners and still points to bootstrap server using the default broker port (9093 for SASL\_SSL). You would have to override bootstrap server URL (hostname:port as set in the listeners for broker). Add the bootstrap server details in SMM safety valve in the following path:

Cloudera Manager > SMM > Configuration > Streams Messaging Manager Rest Admin Server Advanced Configuration Snippet (Safety Valve) for streams-messaging-manager.yaml > Add the following value for bootstrap servers>Save Changes > Restart SMM.

streams.messaging.manager.kafka.bootstrap.servers=<comma-separat
ed list of brokers>

#### OPSAPS-59828: SMM cannot connect to Schema Registry when TLS is enabled

When TLS is enabled, SMM by default cannot properly connect to Schema Registry.

As a result, when viewing topics in the SMM Data Explorer with the deserializer key or value set to Avro, the following error messages are shown:

- Error deserializing key/value for partition [\*\*\*PARTITION\*\*\*] at offset [\*\*\*OFFSET\*\*\*]. If needed, please seek past the record to continue consumption.
- Failed to fetch value schema versions for topic: '[\*\*\*TOPIC\*\*]'.

In addition, the following certificate error will also be present the SMM log:

• javax.net.ssl.SSLHandshakeException: PKIX path building failed:...

Workaround: Additional security properties must be set for SMM.

- 1. In Cloudera Manager, select the SMM service.
- 2. Go to Configuration.
- **3.** Find and configure the SMM\_JMX\_OPTS property.

Add the following JVM SSL properties:

- Djavax.net.ssl.trustStore=[\*\*\*SMM TRUSTSTORE LOCATION\*\*\*]
- Djavax.net.ssl.trustStorePassword=[\*\*\*PASSWORD\*\*\*]

### **Known Issues in MapReduce and YARN**

This topic describes known issues, unsupported features and limitations for using MapReduce and YARN in this release of Cloudera Runtime.

#### **Known Issues**

OPSAPS-57067: Yarn Service in Cloudera Manager reports stale configuration yarn.cluster.scaling.recommendation.enable.

Workaround: This issue does not affect the functionality. Restarting Yarn service will fix this issue.

#### JobHistory URL mismatch after server relocation

After moving the JobHistory Server to a new host, the URLs listed for the JobHistory Server on the ResourceManager web UI still point to the old JobHistory Server. This affects existing jobs only. New jobs started after the move are not affected.

Workaround: For any existing jobs that have the incorrect JobHistory Server URL, there is no option other than to allow the jobs to roll off the history over time. For new jobs, make sure that all clients have the updated mapred-site.xml that references the correct JobHistory Server.

#### CDH-49165: History link in ResourceManager web UI broken for killed Spark applications

When a Spark application is killed, the history link in the ResourceManager web UI does not work.

Workaround: To view the history for a killed Spark application, see the Spark HistoryServer web UI instead.

#### CDH-6808: Routable IP address required by ResourceManager

ResourceManager requires routable host:port addresses for yarn.resourcemanager.scheduler.address, and does not support using the wildcard 0.0.0.0 address.

Workaround: Set the address, in the form host:port, either in the client-side configuration, or on the command line when you submit the job.

# OPSAPS-52066: Stacks under Logs Directory for Hadoop daemons are not accessible from Knox Gateway.

Stacks under the Logs directory for Hadoop daemons, such as NameNode, DataNode, ResourceManager, NodeManager, and JobHistoryServer are not accessible from Knox Gateway.

Workaround: Administrators can SSH directly to the Hadoop Daemon machine to collect stacks under the Logs directory.

#### CDPD-2936: Application logs are not accessible in WebUI2 or Cloudera Manager

Running Containers Logs from NodeManager local directory cannot be accessed either in Cloudera Manager or in WebUI2 due to log aggregation.

Workaround: Use the YARN log CLI to access application logs. For example:

yarn logs -applicationId <APPLICATION ID>

Apache Issue: YARN-9725

## OPSAPS-50291: Environment variables HADOOP\_HOME, PATH, LANG, and TZ are not getting whitelisted

It is possible to whitelist the environment variables HADOOP\_HOME, PATH, LANG, and TZ, but the container launch environments do not have these variables set up automatically.

Workaround: You can manually add the required environment variables to the whitelist using Cloudera Manager.

- 1. In Cloudera Manager, select the YARN service.
- **2.** Click the Configuration tab.
- 3. Search for Containers Environment Variable Whitelist.
- **4.** Add the environment variables (HADOOP\_HOME, PATH, LANG, TZ) which are required to the list.
- 5. Click Save Changes.
- **6.** Restart all NodeManagers.
- **7.** Check the YARN aggregated logs to ensure that newly whitelisted environment variables are set up for container launch.

#### COMPX-3181: Application logs does not work for AZURE and AWS cluster

Yarn Application Log Aggregation will fail for any YARN job (MR, Tez, Spark, etc) which do not use cloud storage, or use a cloud storage location other than the one configured for YARN logs (yarn.nodemanager.remote-app-log-dir).

Workaround: Configure the following:

- For MapReduce job, set mapreduce.job.hdfs-servers in the mapred-site.xml file with all filesystems required for the job including the one set in yarn.nodemanager.remote-app-log-dir such as hdfs://nn1/.hdfs://nn2/.
- For Spark job, set the job level with all filesystems required for the job including the one set in yarn.nodemanager.remote-app-log-dir such as hdfs://nn1/,hdfs://nn2/ in spark.yarn.access.hadoopFileSystems and pass it through the --config option in spark-submit.
- For jobs submitted using the hadoop command, place a separate core-site.xml file with fs.defaultFS set to the filesystem set in yarn.nodemanager.remote-app-log-dir in a path. Add that directory path in --config when executing the hadoop command.

# COMPX-1445: Queue Manager operations are failing when Queue Manager is installed separately from YARN

If Queue Manager is not selected during YARN installation, Queue Manager operation are failing. Queue Manager says 0 queues are configured and several failures are present. That is because ZooKeeper configuration store is not enabled.

#### Workaround:

- 1. In Cloudera Manager, select the YARN service.
- 2. Click the Configuration tab.
- 3. Find the Queue Manager Service property.
- 4. Select the Queue Manager service that the YARN service instance depends on.
- 5. Click Save Changes.
- 6. Restart all services that are marked stale in Cloudera Manager.

#### COMPX-1451: Queue Manager does not support multiple Resource

When YARN High Availability is enabled there are multiple Resource Managers. Queue Manager receives multiple ResourceManager URLs for a High Availability cluster. It picks the active ResourceManager URL only when Queue Manager page is loaded. Queue Manager cannot handle it gracefully when the currently active ResourceManager goes down while the user is still using the Queue Manager UI.

Workaround: Reload the Queue Manager page manually.

#### COMPX-3329: Autorestart is not enabled for Queue Manager in Data Hub

In a Data Hub cluster, Queue Manager is installed with autorestart disabled. Hence, if Queue Manager goes down, it will not restart automatically.

Workaround: If Queue Manager goes down in a Data Hub cluster, you must go to the Cloudera Manager Dashboard and restart the Queue Manager service.

# Third party applications do not launch if MapReduce framework path is not included in the client configuration

MapReduce application framework is loaded from HDFS instead of being present on the NodeManagers. By default the mapreduce application framework path property is set to the appropriate value, but third party applications with their own configurations will not launch.

Workaround: Set the mapreduce.application.framework.path property to the appropriate configuration for third party applications.

# COMPX-3181: Log aggregation fails for YARN jobs not using the cloud storage configured by yarn.nod emanager.remote-app-log-dir

Log aggregation fails for any YARN job (MapReduce, Tez, Spark, and so on) which does not use cloud storage, or does not use the cloud storage that is configured using the yarn.nodemanager.remote-app-log-dir property.

#### Workaround:

- For MapReduce job Set the mapreduce.job.hdfs-servers property in the mapred-site.xml configuration file at job level with all filesystems required for the job. That includes the one set by the yarn.nodemanager.remote-app-log-dir property such as hdfs://nn1/,hdfs://nn2/.
- For Spark job Set the spark.yarn.access.hadoopFileSystems through --config in spark submit at job level with all filesystems required for the job. That includes the one set by the yarn.nodeman ager.remote-app-log-dir property such as hdfs://nn1/,hdfs://nn2/.
- For jobs submitted using haddop command Place a separate core-site.xml configuration file in which the fs.defaultFS property is set to the filesystem that is set by the yarn.nodemanager.rem ote-app-log-dir property in a path. Add that directory path in --config as part of the command.

#### YARN cannot start if Kerberos principal name is changed

If the Kerberos principal name is changed in Cloudera Manager after launch, YARN will not be able to start. In such case the keytabs can be correctly generated but YARN cannot access ZooKeeper with the new Kerberos principal name and old ACLs.

There are two possible workarounds:

- Delete the znode and restart the YARN service.
- Use the reset ZK ACLs command. This also sets the znodes below /rmstore/ZKRMStateRoot to world:anyone:cdrwa which is less secure.

#### COMPX-8687: Missing access check for getAppAttemps

When the Job ACL feature is enabled using Cloudera Manager (YARN Configuration Enablg JOB ACL property), the mapreduce.cluster.acls.enabled property is not generated to all configuration files, including the yarn-site.xml configuration file. As a result the ResourceManager process will use the default value of this property. The default property of mapreduce.cluster.acls.enabled is false.

Workaround: Enable the Job ACL feature using an advanced configuration snippet:

- 1. In Cloudera Manager select the YARN service.
- 2. Click Configuration.
- **3.** Find the YARN Service MapReduce Advanced Configuration Snippet (Safety property.
- **4.** Click the plus icon and add the following:
  - Name: mapreduce.cluster.acls.enabled
  - Value: true
- 5. Click Save Changes.

#### **Unsupported Features**

The following YARN features are currently not supported in Cloudera Data Platform:

- GPU support for Docker
- · Hadoop Pipes
- Fair Scheduler
- Application Timeline Server (ATS 2 and ATS 1.5)
- Container Resizing
- Distributed or Centralized Allocation of Opportunistic Containers
- · Distributed Scheduling
- Native Services
- · Pluggable Scheduler Configuration
- Queue Priority Support
- Reservation REST APIs
- Resource Estimator Service
- Resource Profiles
- (non-Zookeeper) ResourceManager State Store
- Shared Cache
- YARN Federation
- Rolling Log Aggregation
- Docker on YARN (DockerContainerExecutor) on Data Hub clusters
- Moving jobs between queues
- Dynamic Resource Pools

### Known Issues in Apache Zeppelin

This topic describes known issues and workarounds for using Zeppelin in this release of Cloudera Runtime. CDPD-3090: Due to a configuration typo, functionality involving notebook repositories does not work

Due to a missing closing brace, access to the notebook repositories API is blocked by default.

Workaround: From the CDP Management Console, go to Cloudera Manager for the cluster running Zeppelin. On the Zeppelin configuration page (Zeppelin serviceConfiguration), enter shiro urls in the Search field, and then add the missing closing brace to the notebook-repositories URL, as follows:

```
/api/notebook-repositories/** = authc, roles[{{zeppelin_admin_gr
oup}}]
```

Click Save Changes, and restart the Zeppelin service.

#### CDPD-2406: Logout button does not work

Clicking the Logout button in the Zeppelin UI logs you out, but then immediately logs you back in using SSO.

Workaround: Close the browser.

### **Known Issues in Apache ZooKeeper**

This topic describes known issues and workarounds for using ZooKeeper in this release of Cloudera Runtime. **ZooKeeper-client does not use ZooKeeper TLS/SSL automatically** 

The command-line tool 'zookeeper-client' is installed to all Cloudera Nodes and it can be used to start the default Java command line ZooKeeper client. However even when ZooKeeper TLS/SSL is enabled, the zookeeper-client command connects to localhost:2181, without using TLS/SSL.

Workaround:

Manually configure the 2182 port, when zookeeper-client connects to a ZooKeeper cluster. The following is an example of connecting to a specific three-node ZooKeeper cluster using TLS/SSL:

CLIENT\_JVMFLAGS="-Dzookeeper.clientCnxnSocket=org.apache.zookeeper.ClientCnxnSocketNetty -Dzookeeper.ssl.keyStore.location=<PATH TO YOUR CONFIGURED KEYSTORE> -Dzookeeper.ssl.keyStore.password=<THE PASSWORD YOU CONFIGURED FOR THE KEYSTORE> -Dzookeeper.ssl.trustStore.location=<PATH TO YOUR CONFIGURED TRUSTSTORE> -Dzookeeper.ssl.trustStore.password=<THE PASSWORD YOU CONFIGURED FOR THE TRUSTSTORE> -Dzookeeper.client.secure=true" zookeeper-client -server <YOUR.ZOOKEEPER.SERVER-1>:218 2,<YOUR.ZOOKEEPER.SERVER-3>:2182