# **DAS: Core Concepts**

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### **Data Analytics Studio overview**

Data Analytics Studio (DAS) is an application that provides diagnostic tools and intelligent recommendations to make the business analysts self-sufficient and productive with Hive.

DAS helps you to perform operations on Hive tables and provides recommendations for optimizing the performance of your queries. You can use DAS to:

- Search queries: You can search for queries executed on Hive tables in a database. You can further refine your search results using filters. DAS provides recommendations to optimize the performance of your queries on Hive tables. You can view the recommendations and edit your queries.
- Compose and execute queries: You can compose queries using the intuitive query composer. It has context based
  auto-complete feature that helps you to edit a query faster. You can also view the visual explain of the query after
  executing it. You can save queries to view them later and edit them. You can edit the existing, saved queries and
  then save them as new queries. When you try to edit a query, you can use the query composer to easily create and
  execute your queries.
- Compare queries: You can compare two queries to know how each query is performing in terms of speed and cost
  effectiveness. DAS compares various aspects of the two queries, based on which you can identify what changed
  between the execution of those two queries, and you can also debug performance-related issues between different
  runs of the same query.
- Manage databases: Using the Database Explorer, you (the admin user) can manage existing databases by creating
  new tables, editing existing tables, and deleting tables. You can also create new database and add tables to it. You
  can manage existing tables by editing them to modify existing columns or add new columns. You can create new
  tables in DAS or upload existing tables available in CSV, JSON, and XML formats. You can edit columns in
  tables and also view suggestions for partitions and implement these recommendations.
- View reports: You can view which columns and tables are used for joins and make changes to the data layout to
  optimize the performance of the query with different search criteria.

#### **DAS** architecture

In a CDP public cloud deployment, DAS is available as one of the many Cloudera Runtime services within the Data Engineering template. To use DAS, create a Data Hub cluster from the Management Console, and select the Data Engineering template from the Cluster Definition dropdown menu.

Each Data Hub cluster that is deployed using the Data Engineering template has an instance of Hive Metastore (HMS), HiveServer2 (HS2), and DAS. The HMS communicates with the Hive RDS in the Data Lake for storing the metadata information. It also communicates with Ranger in the Data Lake for authorization. Hive is configured to use the HMS in the Data Hub cluster, and Ranger in the Data Lake cluster.

DAS comprise of an Event Processor and a Webapp. The Event Processor processes Hive and Tez events, and also replicates the metadata. The Webapp serves as the DAS UI. It serves data from the local Postgres instance which is populated by the event processor, and uses the HiveServer2 to run Hive queries triggered through the **Query Compose** page. The Event Processor communicates with the Data Hub HS2 instance for the repl dump operation, and reads the events published by Hive and Tez from the cloud storage (S3 or ADLS).

The following diagram shows the components inside the Data Hub cluster which use the shared resources within the Data Lake, such as Ranger, Hive RDS, and the cloud storage:

Figure 1: DAS Architecture in CDP Public Cloud

Cloudera Runtime DAS architecture

